Rockingham Planning Commission

2021-2024 Transportation Improvement Program

Approved 3-10-2021



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# SELF-CERTIFICATION RESOLUTION

### **Rockingham Planning Commission MPO**

WHEREAS the USDOT Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act legislation requires the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) to certify that its transportation planning process is in conformance with regulations; and,

WHEREAS the Federal regulations specify that the transportation planning process be in conformance with Title 23 U.S.C. Section 134, 49 U.S.C. Section 5303 and 23 CFR part 450 which require that a continuing, cooperative and comprehensive planning process be carried out by the state and local officials; and,

WHEREAS the requirements of Sections 174 and 176(c) and (d) of the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 7504, 7506(c) and (d)) and 40 CFR part 93 have been met for nonattainment and maintenance areas; and,

WHEREAS the requirements of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d-1) and 49 CFR part 21 have been met, and 23 CFR part 450.316 which requires the needs of those traditionally underserved by existing transportation systems, such as low-income and minority households be sought out and considered, and Indian Tribal government(s) be appropriately involved; and,

WHEREAS the requirements of 49 U.S.C. 5332, the Older Americans Act (42 U.S.C. 6101), as amended and Section 324 of title 23 U.S.C., prohibiting discrimination in programs or activities receiving Federal financial assistance on the basis of race, color, creed, national origin, sex, gender, or age in employment or business opportunity have been met; and,

WHEREAS the requirements of Section 1101(b) of the FAST Act (Public Law 114-94) regarding the involvement of disadvantaged or minority business enterprises in FHWA and FTA funded planning projects (49 CFR Part 26), and the requirements of 23 CFR part 230 regarding the implementation of an equal employment opportunity program on Federal and Federal-aid highway construction contract have been met; and,

WHEREAS the provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 *et seq*.) and 49 CFR, parts 27, 37 and 38, and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) and 49 CFR part 27 regarding discrimination against individuals with disabilities have been met; and,

WHEREAS the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) continues to be financially constrained as required by Section 450.326 of 23 CFR, and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) policy on the documentation of financial capacity, published in FTA Circulars; and,

WHEREAS the provisions of 49 CFR part 20 regarding restrictions on influencing certain Federal activities have been met.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED THAT the Rockingham Planning Commission, the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for Atkinson, Brentwood, Danville, East Kingston, Epping, Exeter, Fremont, Greenland, Hampstead, Hampton, Hampton Falls, Kensington, Kingston, New Castle, Newfields, Newington, Newton ,North Hampton, Plaistow, Portsmouth, Raymond, Rye, Salem, Sandown, Seabrook, South Hampton, and Stratham, New Hampshire, certifies that the planning process is being carried out in conformance with all of the applicable federal requirements and certifies that the local process to enhance the participation of the general public, including the transportation disadvantaged, has been followed in developing all plans and programs.

I hereby certify that the **Rockingham Planning Commission** <u>2021-2024 Transportation Improvement</u> <u>Program</u> and <u>2045 Metropolitan Transportation Plan</u> were adopted by the Commission at its meeting on March 10, 2021, along with this Self-Certification Resolution.

Tim Roache, Executive Director Rockingham Planning Commission

Victoria Sheehan, Commissioner New Hampshire Department of Transportation

Date: 3/11/2021

Date:

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## **1.0 Introduction**

The Rockingham Planning Commission (RPC) is a regional planning commission established by its member municipalities under the enabling authority of New Hampshire RSA 36. Its planning region consists of 27 communities located in the southeastern corner and seacoast of New Hampshire (see list to the right and

**Figure 1**). The RPC's purpose is threefold: to assist communities with their individual planning needs, to develop regional plans to guide and coordinate development in the region, and to help communities work together to address common problems.

The RPC is designated as the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for portions of the Portsmouth and Boston Urbanized Areas with established planning area boundaries that match those of the planning commission. As the MPO for the region, the RPC is responsible for the development of plans and programs that provide for the operation, maintenance, and improvement of the regional multimodal surface transportation facilities and system for the urbanized area that encompasses all 27 communities and a population of approximately 190,000 people. In addition, the MPO provides a public forum for discussion of transportation and related needs and provides technical planning assistance to member communities and agencies.

#### **RPC Communities**

Atkinson	Newfields
Brentwood	Newington
Danville	Newton
East Kingston	North Hampton
Epping	Plaistow
Exeter	Portsmouth
Fremont	Raymond
Greenland	Rye
Hampstead	Salem
Hampton	Sandown
Hampton Falls	Seabrook
Kensington	South Hampton
Kingston	Stratham
New Castle	

# 2.0 TIP Requirements

TIPs must be developed in accordance with the most recent Federal Transportation legislation (the FAST Act<sup>1</sup>), joint federal metropolitan planning regulations (23 CFR 450) issued by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Federal Transit Administration (FTA), and the Clean Air Act. *Figure 1* identifies the requirements established by these regulations and how the MPO fulfills them.

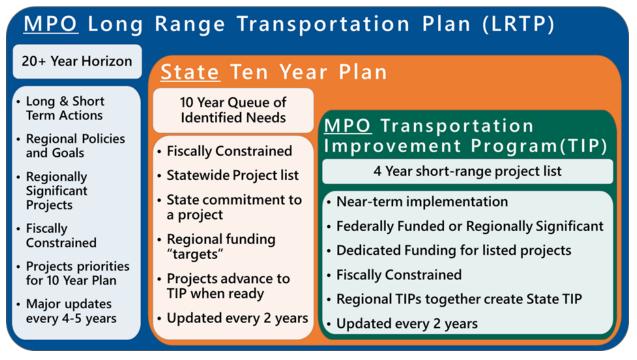
Figure 1: TIP Requirements					
Requirement	How the MPO meets the Requirement				
The TIP must cover a period of at least four years and be updated at least every four years.	The TIP includes four fiscal years and the MPO adopts a new TIP every two years in conjunction with the State TIP, State Ten Year Plan process, and 3 other New Hampshire MPO TIP adoption.				
The TIP must be made available for public review and interested parties must have reasonable opportunity for public comment.	Adopting a new TIP requires a 30-day comment period, and all amendments include at least a 10 day comment period with notices on the MPO website, distributed to MPO TAC and Policy Committee members, local communities, and transit agencies. All TIP documents are published on the MPO website.				
Shall reflect the investment priorities established in the current Metropolitan Transportation Plan	The current Long Range Transportation Plan establishes a planning framework that merges New Hampshire Livability Principles, a vision for the region's future & established goals, with Federal Planning Factors & a performance-based approach. The projects included in the TIP reflect efforts to address these priorities.				
TIP must be designed to make progress toward achieving performance targets identified in the Metropolitan Transportation Plan.	The TIP includes a listing of the region's performance measures & targets. Projects that play a role in advancing those metrics are identified.				
Include capital and non-capital surface transportation projects (or phases of projects) within the boundaries of the metropolitan planning area	The TIP includes all federally funded transportation projects in the region. In some cases, projects are incorporated into a grouped project and listed under one of NH's 37 statewide programs.				
Must include regionally significant projects requiring an action by FHWA or FTA whether or not the projects are to be funded with Federal funds.	The TIP includes projects on the NH Turnpike system as well as any other projects funded with state, local, or private resources that are deemed regionally significant.				
For each listed project, the TIP shall include: Sufficient descriptive material to identify the project or phase; Estimated total project cost; The amount of Federal funds proposed to be obligated during each program year for the project or phase; Identification of the agencies responsible for carrying out the project or phase;	Projects in the TIP include data to identify the specific location of the project, the general scope, and total cost. Information is provided by phase, fiscal year, and funding source. The agency responsible for the project is included as well as air quality conformity exemption status, and whether the project is considered regionally significant.				
In nonattainment and maintenance areas, identification of those projects that are identified as TCMs in the applicable SIP; In nonattainment and maintenance areas, included projects shall be specified in sufficient detail (design concept and scope) for air quality analysis in accordance with the EPA transportation conformity regulations.	The TIP identifies the exempt/not-exempt status of each project as well as the process by which the MPO demonstrates consistency with conformity requirements. The only TCM in the current NH SIP is continuation of the State emissions inspection program.				
The TIP shall be financially constrained by year & include a financial plan that demonstrates which projects can be implemented using current & proposed revenue sources.	The TIP is fiscally constrained by year as demonstrated in the financial plan component of the document.				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act, 2015. https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/fastact/

# **3.0 Transportation Planning and Programming**

Federal regulations require that the RPC, as the MPO for the Seacoast and Southeastern region of New Hampshire, maintain the transportation planning process for the metropolitan planning area that includes development of a Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP), and a short-range Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) which is aggregated with the other MPO TIPs into the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP). In addition, New Hampshire Revised Statutes RSA 240:3 identifies a role for the MPO in the statewide Ten Year Plan Development Process which identifies transportation project priorities around the state over the upcoming ten year period. These documents, and their overlapping development processes, form the basis of the transportation planning and programming process of the region. *Figure 2* provides a brief overview of the documents, and they are described in more detail in the following paragraphs.

*Figure 2*: Interaction between the MPO Long Range Plan, the State Ten Year Plan, and The Transportation Improvement Program



### MPO Long Range Transportation Plan

The MPO Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) is a 20+ year plan for transportation improvements in the region that directs the decision-making process to implement the regional vision and achieve goals and objectives. Through describing existing and expected future conditions and assessing needs, the document forms a blueprint for the development and management of the region's transportation system to 2045. The LRTP incorporates the TIP by reference as the short range, project specific component. The current LRTP incorporates the 2021-2024 TIP as the first four years of the MTP and incorporates a new

fiscal constraint analysis. The LRTP is fully updated every 5 years with interim updates that coincide with adoption of a new MPO TIP.

### State Ten Year Plan

The State Ten Year Plan is the statewide queue of identified needs and committed projects for New Hampshire produced by NHDOT and the Governor's Advisory Council on Intermodal Transportation (GACIT) in conjunction with the MPOs and Regional Planning Commissions. The MPO provides NHDOT a list of priorities for implementation from the LRTP that is constrained to a "target" funding amount, and this is combined with the priorities for the other eight planning regions, new priorities identified by the State, and operational and maintenance needs to form a program of projects to be implemented. This document is updated every two years and must undergo review by the Governor and the Legislature prior to being enacted into law. The adopted Ten Year Plan becomes the basis of the next STIP.

### State Transportation Improvement Program

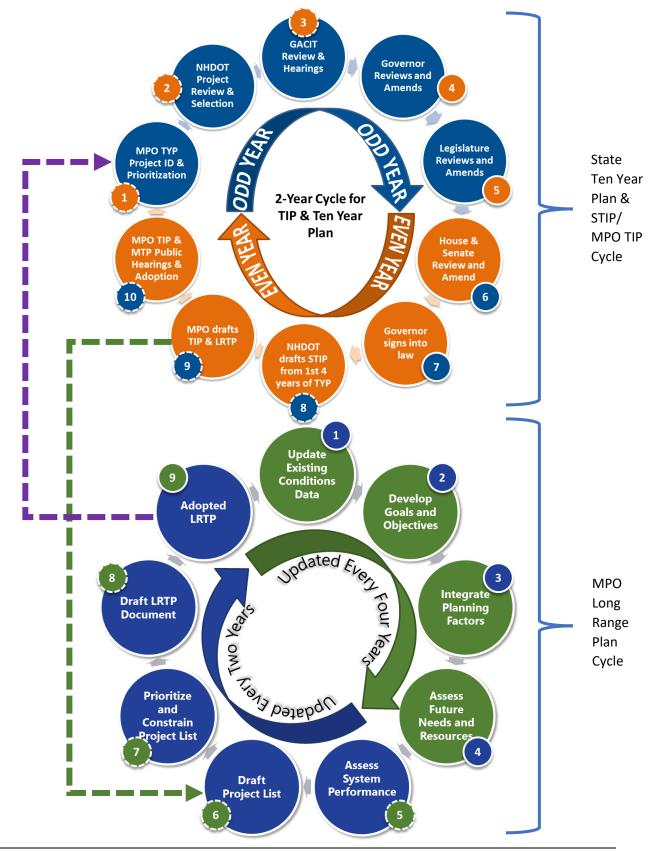
The Federal Metropolitan Planning Rules require that the TIP, when adopted by the MPO and approved by the Governor, be included without modification in the State TIP (known as the 'STIP'). Under the New Hampshire TIP/STIP development process, the NHDOT receives a list of project priorities for the State Ten Year Plan that becomes subject to revision by the NHDOT, the Governor, Governor's Advisory Commission on Intermodal Transportation (GACIT), and the State Legislature. After final action by the Legislature, the MPO is asked to adopt a final TIP, which may include changes not previously considered or approved by the MPO. The MPO will review the final draft for such changes and determine whether the TIP remains financially constrained; that it reflects the project specific content of the adopted MPO Transportation Plan and that it continues to represent local and regional priorities.

### Transportation Improvement Program

The Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) is a short-range program of regional transportation projects scheduled for construction or implementation in the MPO area over a period of four succeeding Federal fiscal years (FY 2021, 2022, 2023, and 2024 in this instance). It is prepared by the MPO in cooperation with local governments, regional transit agencies, and the New Hampshire Department of Transportation (NHDOT). The projects identified are prioritized by year and have been selected for funding as jointly agreed upon by the MPO and the NHDOT. The TIP is the enactment of the Long Range Transportation Plan vision, goals, and objectives, and the development and construction of those projects in the State Ten Year Plan that are ready for implementation. The document establishes a fiscally constrained list of projects to be implemented by mode, funding source, and geographic area, as well as identifies improvements which will aid in improving the safety, congestion, and infrastructure condition of the transportation system.

### 3.1 Transportation Planning & Programming in New Hampshire

**Figure 3** shows the how the development processes for the MPO LRTP and TIP and the State Ten Year Plan and STIP are interwoven with the ultimate goal to produce a comprehensive and consistent flow of projects from the MPO LRTP to the State Ten Year Plan and then the STIP and TIP. The MPO completes comprehensive updates to the LRTP every four years (steps 1-4 of the bottom cycle of Figure 3) and



# FIGURE 3: Development Process for the RPC Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP), Transportation Improvement Program (TIP), and State Ten Year Plan (TYP)

this provides the overall vision, goals, and objectives for the regional transportation system as well as a fiscally constrained list of identified improvements. This constrained project list provides the basis for MPO recommendations of projects to be included in the State Ten Year Plan as part of the biennial update of that document. During even numbered years, the MPO solicits for projects from communities, regional transit agencies and other partners, as well as collects needs identified through the Congestion Management Process (CMP), corridor studies, safety studies, and other analyses. Identified projects are checked for federal funding eligibility, general feasibility, and are prioritized according to a set of project selection criteria agreed upon by NHDOT and the nine Regional Planning Commissions. The current project selection criteria are shown in *Figure 4*.

Category	Definition	How will projects be assessed?
Economic Development	The degree to which a project supports economic development needs and opportunities at the local and regional level; and the degree to which the project impacts the movement of goods	<ul> <li>Will the project improve access to a regional activity center (employment center, tourist destination, etc.)?</li> <li>Will the project address a freight bottleneck?</li> </ul>
Equity & Accessibility	The degree to which a project promotes access to the transportation network, benefits traditionally underserved populations and ensures accessibility by all potential users.	<ul> <li>Will the project expand transportation choices or enhance alternative modes, particularly for historically underserved populations?</li> <li>Will the project remove or reduce barriers to access?</li> </ul>
Mobility	The degree to which a project reduces the time needed to get from one place to another.	<ul> <li>The functional classification of the roadway &amp; status as a local, regional, or statewide connection</li> <li>The mobility benefits of the project</li> </ul>
Natural Hazards Resiliency	The exposure of a location to risk of damage from natural hazards and the project approach to mitigating that risk.	<ul> <li>Is the project in a location with identified natural hazards risks?</li> <li>How will the project mitigate or eliminate the likelihood of damage from natural hazards?</li> </ul>
Network Significance	The importance of the service or facility to the communities, region, and larger transportation system of the state.	<ul><li>The volume of traffic at the location</li><li>How critical is the location to the transportation network?</li></ul>
Safety	The degree to which the project impacts traveler safety in relation to safety performance and the project's expected safety benefits.	<ul><li>The crash history at the location (5 years)</li><li>The expected safety improvement from the proposed project</li></ul>
State of Repair	The extent to which the project improves infrastructure condition in the project area and the degree to which the project impacts NHDOT and/or municipal maintenance requirements.	<ul> <li>The current condition of the infrastructure at the project location.</li> <li>Will the project reduce maintenance requirements or add significant maintenance liabilities?</li> </ul>
Support	The degree to which a project is supported by the RPC, locality, and feasibility of construction	<ul> <li>Does the project support the goals and objectives of the MPO Long Range Transportation Plan?</li> <li>Is the project a community priority?</li> <li>Has a new transportation need been identified</li> </ul>

## Figure 4: 2020-2021 Project Selection Criteria

The highest ranked projects are fiscally constrained and submitted as the MPO priorities for the State Ten Year Plan in the spring of odd numbered years. The state develops the draft Ten Year Plan, holds hearings, and submits a GACIT approved Ten Year Plan to the Governor in the fall of odd numbered years. At the beginning of the following even numbered year, the Governor submits their recommended Ten Year Plan to the State Legislature for review and approval which generally occurs in May or June of even numbered years. The legislatively approved Ten Year Plan is signed into law by the Governor over the summer and the projects listed in the first four years form the basis of the STIP and the MPO TIPs which are generally approved in the spring of odd numbered years.

## **3.2 TIP Development Process**

As described in section 3.1 and Figure 3, the MPO TIP development process is integrated with the State Ten Year Plan and begins when the Governor signs the legislatively approved Ten Year Plan during the summer of even numbered years. *Figure 5* shows the milestone dates for the current cycle beginning with the Governor's approval. Building off that, NHDOT begins working on assembling a draft STIP from the projects listed in the first four years of the Ten Year Plan along with any other ongoing federally funded or regionally significant projects, and those that are selected through processes outside of the Ten Year Plan such as Transportation Alternatives (TAP) and the Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP). An initial project list is released to the MPOs and other planning partners for review and comment culminating with the Interagency Consultation Review (See section 3.3). Following the consultation process any final changes or corrections to projects are made and a draft STIP is released along with accompanying fiscal constraint documentation. The MPOs then begin assembling their respective TIPs from the projects in the STIP and preparing for their approval process which is generally completed in the spring of odd numbered years. At the same time, MPO Long Range Transportation Plan project lists and financial plans are updated to maintain consistency with the TIP.

Figur	Figure 5: Important Dates in the TIP Development Process				
July 2, 2020	Governor Signs 2021-2030 Ten Year Plan				
December 24, 2020	NH DOT Releases 2021-2024 STIP Project list				
January 14, 2021	Interagency Consultation Review of draft STIP				
February 8, 2021	Start of 30 Day Public Comment period on TIP and LRTP				
February 25, 2021	RPC TAC Meeting – TIP Endorsement				
March 10, 2021	RPC Policy Committee Meeting – TIP Adoption				

### **3.3 Interagency Consultation Process**

The conformity rule requires that Federal, State, and local transportation and air quality agencies establish formal procedures to ensure interagency coordination on critical issues. Regular participants in the New Hampshire interagency consultation process are FHWA, FTA, EPA, NHDOT, NH Department of Environmental Services Air Resources Division, and the four MPOs (Nashua RPC, RPC, Southern New Hampshire RPC, and Strafford RPC). In addition, public transportation operators and the five non-MPO planning commissions participate, as necessary. In New Hampshire, interagency consultation serves as a forum for discussion of TIP and STIP development, amendments, and minor revisions, as well as key

assumptions and methodologies to be used in conformity analyses, strategies to reduce mobile source emissions, specific impacts of major projects, and issues associated with travel demand and emissions modeling. The New Hampshire process consists of monthly meetings where issues related to the TIP/STIP, Long Range Transportation Plan, and air quality conformity are discussed. Agendas and other relevant materials are sent to members at least one week prior to the meeting for participants to review and provide feedback.

### 3.4 Environmental Justice and Title VI

An important consideration for the 2021-2024 Transportation Improvement Program and 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan is the impact of its elements on minority and low-income populations in the MPO region. Title VI of the 1964 Civil Rights Act prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, or ethnic origin in the provision of transportation benefits and in the imposition of adverse impacts.

Building on Title VI, Executive Order 12898 (1994), requires each federal agency to achieve environmental justice by identifying and addressing any disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects, including interrelated social and economic effects, of its programs, policies, and activities on minority or low income population. Executive Order 12898 defines "minority" as a person who is African American, Hispanic, Asian American, American Indian, or an Alaskan Native. A low-income person means a person whose household income is at or below the federal poverty level. For 2017 the poverty threshold was \$24,600 for a family of four.

The USDOT's Final Order to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low Income Populations requires transportation programming and planning activities to:

- Include explicit consideration of the effects of transportation decisions on minority and low-income populations.
- Provide meaningful opportunities for public involvement by members of minority and low-income populations.
- Gather, where relevant, appropriate and practical, demographic information (race, color, national origin, and income level) on populations served or affected by transportation decisions.
- Minimize or mitigate any adverse impact on minority or low-income populations.

The Executive Order and Civil Rights Act require the Transportation Improvement Program and Long Range Transportation Plan to address the needs and concerns of protected communities, both in terms of benefits received and impacts imposed. Procedurally, the MPO is working to address these needs through expanding its public outreach efforts. Substantively, the MPO is working to expand access to transportation for low-income and minority populations.

### 3.5 Public Involvement

The MPO Public Participation Plan, adopted in October 2020, establishes a set of goals for any public involvement effort undertaken by the MPO. The intended outcome is that transportation plans, programs and projects reflect local, regional, and state priorities and needs, and consider a range of transportation

options and the overall social, economic, energy, and environmental effect of transportation decisions. These goals are:

- **Goal 1: Educate and Present Information:** The MPO is responsible for providing information to the public. MPO staff will educate and present information about the role of the MPO, the regional transportation planning process, including the sources of funding, data on transportation system performance, and impacts of regional planning decisions.
- **Goal 2: Solicit Public Input:** The MPO will actively seek out input and participation from the broad range of individuals, groups and organizations affected by the transportation system to identify transportation related needs, desires, issues and concerns.
- **Goal 3: Facilitate Information Flow between the Public and Decision-Makers:** MPO staff are responsible for compiling public issues, comments and concerns into complete and concise documents for presentation to the decision-makers. The MPO staff will also schedule and organize meetings where the public can present concerns to Staff or MPO Committees.
- **Goal 4: Consider Public Concerns in Decision-Making**: The MPO will consider the public concerns that are presented to them by the staff as well as those presented to them by individual persons at public meetings. MPO staff will consider public concerns as they prepare draft planning documents.

In addition to the overarching goals, the Public Participation Plan<sup>2</sup> establishes a process for public involvement relating to Major Policy Actions, namely TIP and Plan approvals and amendments, to ensure that the Policy Committee has ample opportunity to carefully consider the issues and the views of the public before approving the documents. For Major Policy Actions, the following steps are required:

- 1. The Technical Advisory Committee (TAC), reviews work of the MPO staff, NHDOT, and other public input, and makes a recommendation to the Policy Committee on planning and implementation procedures.
- The chair of the Policy Committee sets a public hearing date that allows at least a 10-day period for the public to review documents before the public hearing. The public comment period on core policy documents (adoption of LRTP, TIP) will remain open for at least 30 days in accordance with federal regulation.
- 3. After setting the public hearing date, a notice of the public hearing is published in the two major newspapers serving the MPO region the Portsmouth Herald/ SeacoastOnline.com and the Lawrence Eagle-Tribune at least 10 days in advance of the public hearing. Notices may also be published in other newspapers. The notice includes the time, date and location of the public hearing as well as how the subject document can be reviewed. The subject document is also made available on the RPC web site (www.therpc.org).
- 4. A formal public hearing is conducted. The views of the public as well as the recommendations of any applicable MPO ad hoc committees are heard at the hearing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Rockingham Planning Commission Public Participation Plan was adopted by the MPO in October 2020. This document and other information about the MPO public involvement can be found on the MPO website at: <u>http://www.therpc.org/transportation/public-engagement</u>

- 5. After considering all comments and recommendations in the public hearing, action on the policy is then taken by the Policy Committee at its next scheduled meeting. If public hearings are coupled with Policy Committee meetings on the same night, the Policy Committee may take action immediately following the hearing, unless the Committee votes that some aspect of the input received from the public requires further information or analysis to ensure a fully informed decision.
- 6. A summary of significant public comments and responses is included in the final published policy document or made available as a separate document.

# 4.0 Fiscal Constraint Analysis

The metropolitan planning rules require that a TIP must be determined to be financially constrained, by year and funding program. For the first three years of the four-year TIP, projects must be limited to those for which funds are committed. Projects for which operating and construction funds cannot be reasonably expected to be available must be omitted.

## 4.1 Financial Plan

The fiscal constraint documentation for the STIP, provided by NHDOT, is included with this document as *Appendix A*. Fiscal constraint analysis for the TIP is included in *Figures 6 through 9* on the following pages. *Figure 6* Compares the expected revenue for projects in the region with the estimated total projects costs as programmed in the TIP and finds that the amount of funding available is adequate to address the projects programmed over the next four years. The funding matches exactly as the regional share of available funding is assumed to be what is programmed in the STIP. While the project tables in Section 7.3 show the full cost of the Statewide Programs, the fiscal constraint analysis includes just the regional share of those costs and revenues instead of the full costs. Based upon information supplied by the NH DOT, the MPO has determined that the FY 2021-2024 TIP as presented is financially constrained. This determination is based upon the following assumptions:

- The estimated FHWA funding available at the state level is based on annual apportionments and derived from the 11/9/2020 Status of Funds and FTA funds are based on current apportionments and remaining prior grant funds.
- Federal Aid-Exempt sources are those that are not included in the state's apportionment
- Additional Federal resources used to constrain funding categories will be identified in the first STIP Amendment of each fiscal year.
- Because NHDOT programs projects statewide and does not sub-allocate federal funding to the MPOs, the regional allocations of federal funds are equivalent to the funds programmed for projects within the region.
- For all projects requiring local match, that the match will be made available in a timely manner and that Toll Credits will be utilized to meet the State matching requirements unless otherwise stated.
- For all projects including federal funds and programmed by the NHDOT for FY 2021, 2022, 2023, and 2024, that the NHDOT has determined that the required funds by year and category will be available.
- All costs associated with projects are inflated to the year of construction at 2.8% per year and indirect costs (NHDOT overhead) are incorporated at 10% of total project cost.
- The regional share of statewide programs is estimated at 13.3% based on the 50% population and 50% lane-miles of federal-aid eligible roadway.
- New Hampshire DOT programs projects on a statewide basis according to the relative priority of
  projects listed in the Ten Year Plan without regard to regional boundaries. This creates a situation
  where the amount of funding expended in the region can vary substantially from year to year
  depending on the number of state high priority projects occurring in this region at the same time.

### Figure 6: TIP Fiscal Constraint Analysis

### Estimated Regional Share of Available Funding<sup>1,</sup>

Fiscal Year	Federal	State <sup>2</sup>	Other	Statewide Programs <sup>3</sup>	Total Target Funding
2021	\$ 41,926,763	\$ 13,100,821	\$ 3,292,532	\$ 12,751,899	\$ 71,072,015
2022	\$ 54,590,548	\$ 6,048,008	\$ 2,261,523	\$ 10,385,950	\$ 73,289,641
2023	\$ 37,826,451	\$ 20,892,260	\$ 2,996,426	\$ 10,928,717	\$ 72,643,855
2024	\$ 36,786,794	\$ 14,960,141	\$ 2,119,685	\$ 11,777,102	\$ 65,643,722
	\$171,130,467	\$55,004,931	\$10,670,166	\$45,843,669	\$282,649,232

#### **Federal Highway Administration Funded Projects**

	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total
PE	\$5,781,638	\$5,025,642	\$1,008,509	\$377,800	\$12,193,590
ROW	\$16,127,783	\$6,994,762	\$372,849	\$232,492	\$23,727,887
CON	\$8,373,399	\$32,085,623	\$29,049,803	\$27,698,910	\$97,207,736
OTHER	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total	\$30,282,820	\$44,106,028	\$30,431,162	\$28,309,203	\$133,129,212

### **Regional Share of Statewide Projects**

	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total
PE	\$607,026	\$419,329	\$351,911	\$316,001	\$1,694,267
ROW	\$73,170	\$70,404	\$63,527	\$62,862	\$269,963
CON	\$9,811,479	\$7,768,395	\$8,647,099	\$9,510,628	\$35,737,600
OTHER	\$2,260,225	\$2,127,823	\$1,866,179	\$1,887,611	\$8,141,838
Total	\$12,751,899	\$10,385,950	\$10,928,717	\$11,777,102	\$45,843,669

### Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Funded Projects

	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total
OTHER	\$14,940,103	\$12,749,654	\$10,395,490	\$10,601,126	\$48,686,373
Total Federally Funded	\$57,974,822	\$67,241,632	\$51,755,369	\$50,687,431	\$227,659,254

#### Non-Federally Funded Regionally Significant Projects

	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total
PE	\$1,755,050	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,755,050
ROW	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
CON	\$11,342,143	\$6,048,008	\$20,888,486	\$14,956,291	\$53,234,928
OTHER	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total	\$13,097,193	\$6,048,008	\$20,888,486	\$14,956,291	\$54,989,978
	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total
Total Programmed	\$71,072,015	\$73,289,641	\$72,643,855	\$65,643,722	\$282,649,232

### 4.2 Operations and Maintenance

Fiscal constraint requirements necessitate that the estimated costs of preserving, maintaining, and operating the region's transportation system be included in the TIP and Long Range Transportation Plan. While some of these funds are captured in the "Statewide" projects included in the TIP, there are many that are not as they are conducted using state or local funds.

### <u>Roadway</u>

NHDOT's Fiscal Year 2022 Agency Efficiency budget provides information regarding the funding available at the state level for the operation and maintenance of the transportation system. These funds come from the following sources:

- *Highway Fund:* This is the primary source of funding for the NHDOT Operating budget and is composed of revenue collected by the Department of Safety and includes the NH Road Toll (gas tax), Vehicle Registration Fees, and court fines for traffic violations. About 58% of gas tax revenues go to operating costs for NHDOT and NH Department of Safety.
- **Turnpike Funds:** New Hampshire has approximately 90 miles of toll supported roadways managed by the NHDOT. Funds from tolls, fines and administrative fees generated by the turnpike system can only be utilized on the Turnpike system. The system raises approximately \$130 million per year of which approximately \$49 million is dedicated towards operations and maintenance.
- **General Funds:** There are a small amount of State of New Hampshire general funds that go towards operation and maintenance of the transportation system. Primarily these funds are utilized for airport operations support however matching funds for Federal Transit Administration (FTA) grants for transit projects and operations are also supported.
- **Federal Funds:** NHDOT receives revenues from various Federal Agencies on a reimbursable basis to carry out federal aid eligible infrastructure improvements and construction projects. Primarily funds are from the Federal Highway Administration but also moneys are received from the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), and Federal Emergency Management Administration (FEMA).
- **Other Funds:** Other funds are derived from a number of minor sources. This includes revenues from the sale of fuel to municipalities, railroad licensing fees, permitting fees, emergency repair funds, and sale of surplus land.

Based on the information provide in the NHDOT Fiscal Year 2022 Agency Efficiency Budget, this equates to approximately \$32,000 per mile of roadway for maintenance and operations.

Year	Highway Fund	Federal Aid	Turnpikes	General Fund	Other	Total
FY20	\$157,200,000	\$45,500,000	\$43,800,000	\$1,400,000	\$17,200,000	\$265,100,000
FY21	\$196,800,000	\$51,200,000	\$48,100,000	\$1,400,000	\$18,800,000	\$316,300,000
FY22	\$185,100,000	\$51,400,000	\$56,000,000	\$1,500,000	\$19,300,000	\$313,300,000
FY23	\$192,500,000	\$52,600,000	\$60,600,000	\$1,500,000	\$18,900,000	\$326,100,000

### Figure 7: NHDOT Operations and Maintenance Budget<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Data from NHDOT Operating Budget available at: <u>https://www.nh.gov/dot/media/documents/nhdot-2020-agency-efficiency-budget-pres-web.pdf</u>

At the local level, communities are spending a similar amount to NHDOT on a per mile basis. A 2016 scan of the Annual Report for each community in the region identified \$64.2 million in funding being budgeted to maintain and operate the local roadways as shown in *Figure 8*. This translates to approximately \$32,000 per mile in 2016 and between \$36,700 and \$39,900 inflated to 2021-2024

### Figure 8: Local Transportation System Operations and Maintenance Expenditures<sup>1</sup>

Year	Highway	Snow Removal <sup>2</sup>	Lighting <sup>2</sup>	Warrant/CIP	Total	Cost/mile
2016	\$21,449,873	\$1,205,260	\$1,614,436	\$39,961,476	\$64,231,045	\$31,982
2021	\$24,625,797	\$1,383,714	\$1,853,474	\$45,878,276	\$73,741,261	\$36,718
2022	\$25,315,319	\$1,422,458	\$1,905,371	\$47,162,868	\$75,806,016	\$37,746
2023	\$26,024,148	\$1,462,286	\$1,958,721	\$48,483,429	\$77,928,585	\$38,802
2024	\$26,752,825	\$1,503,230	\$2,013,566	\$49,840,965	\$80,110,585	\$39,889

(Estimates based on FY16 Town Reports)

<sup>1</sup>Inflated at 2.8% per year from 2016 to 2021-2024 estimates.

<sup>2</sup>Some communities include individual budget line items for snow removal and lighting, others incorporate it into the general highway department budgets.

### <u>Transit</u>

Funding for regional transit agencies is available through the Federal Transit Administration Section 5307 (FTA5307), Section 5310 (FTA5310), and Section 5339 (FTA5339) grants and is totaled in Figure 9. Located in small Urbanized Areas (population under 200,000), COAST (Portsmouth & Dover-Rochester urbanized areas) and MTA (Manchester urbanized Area) both use FTA5307 for operating expense (50% federal/50% non-federal match) as well as capital expenses (80% federal/20% non-federal match. In large Urbanized Areas (population over 200,000), FTA5307 funding may only be used for capital expenses (80% federal/20% non-federal match). MTA receives FTA 5310 and 5339 funding for providing services specific to seniors and individuals with disabilities, and capital vehicle and equipment replacement respectively, both at 80% federal/20% non-federal match). Non-federal funding is typically drawn from municipalities, but may also include state, private sector, and other sources. Both COAST and MTA receive funds based on the New Hampshire portion of the Boston Urbanized Area, which may be used only for capital expenses. Boston Urbanized Area funds are also used to fund portions of the Boston Express Inter-city service. Funds shown in Figure 9 are based on current expected apportionments through FY 2024. The TIP anticipates that the two transit systems will provide service levels that can be supported by this level of funding, including continuation of existing service and proposed service expansions. Although the plan is constrained on an annual basis by available federal funding, implementation of new services is also dependent on local

support from communities served by the systems.

Figure 9: Expected Transit funding Allocations to COAST & MTA<sup>1</sup> plus matching funds

Year	<b>FTA Allocation</b>	State Funds	Local Match	Total
2021	\$12,916,555	\$3,628	\$2,019,920	\$14,940,103
2022	\$10,668,443	\$3,700	\$2,077,511	\$12,749,654
2023	\$8,312,836	\$3,774	\$2,078,880	\$10,395,490
2024	\$8,477,592	\$3,850	\$2,119,685	\$10,601,126

<sup>1</sup>Includes all funding for MTA, including for services outside of the MPO region.

# 5.0 Air Quality Conformity

The concept of transportation conformity was introduced in the Clean Air Act (CAA) of 1977, which included a provision to ensure that transportation investments conform to a State implementation plan (SIP) for meeting the Federal air quality standards. Conformity requirements were made substantially more rigorous in the CAA Amendments of 1990. The transportation conformity regulations that detail implementation of the CAA requirements were first issued in November 1993, and have been amended several times. The regulations establish the criteria and procedures for transportation agencies to

demonstrate that air pollutant emissions from metropolitan transportation plans, transportation improvement programs and projects are consistent with ("conform to") the State's air quality goals in the SIP. This document has been prepared for State and local officials who are involved in decision making on transportation investments.

Transportation conformity is required under CAA Section 176I to ensure that Federally-supported transportation activities are consistent with ("conform to") the purpose of a State's SIP. Transportation conformity establishes the framework for improving air quality to protect public health and the environment. Conformity to the purpose of the SIP means Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Federal Transit Administration (FTA) funding and approvals are given to highway and transit activities that will not cause new air quality violations, worsen existing air quality violations, or delay timely attainment of the relevant air quality standard, or any interim milestone.

The Boston-Manchester-Portsmouth (SE), NH 8-hour Ozone Nonattainment Area included 52 communities in portions of Hillsborough, Merrimack, Rockingham, and Strafford Counties in southeast New Hampshire (see inset for community names). Those communities were designated as a moderate non-attainment area for the 8-hour ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) on April 30, 2004 and re-designated to "Attainment" status in April, 2012. As of July 20, 2013, all of New Hampshire is unclassifiable/attainment for the 2008 8-hour Ozone NAAQS, and as of November 6, 2017 all of New Hampshire is unclassifiable/attainment for the 2015 8—hour Ozone NAAQS.

### Communities in the Boston-Manchester-Portsmouth (SE), NH 8-Hour Ozone Nonattainment Area (1997 Ozone Standard)

#### Hillsborough Co (part)

Amherst Town, Bedford Town, Brookline Town, Goffstown Town, Hollis Town, Hudson Town, Litchfield Town, Manchester City, Merrimack Town, Milford Town, Nashua City, Pelham Town

#### Merrimack Co (part)

Hooksett Town

#### Rockingham Co (part)

Atkinson Town, Auburn Town, Brentwood Town, Candia Town, Chester Town, Danville Town, Derry Town, East Kingston Town, Epping Town, Exeter Town, Fremont Town, Greenland Town, Hampstead Town, Hampton Town, Hampton Falls Town, Kensington Town, Kingston Town, Londonderry Town, New Castle Town, Newfields

Town, Newington Town, Newmarket Town, Newton Town, North Hampton Town, Plaistow Town, Portsmouth City, Raymond Town, Rye Town, Salem Town, Sandown Town, Seabrook Town, South Hampton Town, Stratham Town, Windham Town

#### Strafford Co (part)

Dover City, Durham Town, Rochester City, Rollinsford Town, and Somersworth City

## 5.1 Transportation Conformity Requirements

On November 29, 2018, EPA issued Transportation Conformity Guidance for the South Coast II Court Decision<sup>3</sup> (EPA-420-B-18-050, November 2018) that addresses how transportation conformity determinations can be made in areas that were nonattainment or maintenance for the 1997 ozone NAAQS when the 1997 ozone NAAQS was revoked but were designated attainment for the 2008 ozone NAAQS in EPA's original designations for this NAAQS (May 21, 2012).

Per the court's decision in South Coast II, beginning February 16, 2019, a transportation conformity determination for the 1997 ozone NAAQS will be needed in 1997 ozone NAAQS nonattainment and maintenance areas identified by EPA<sup>4</sup> for certain transportation activities, including updated or amended metropolitan MTPs and TIPs. Once US DOT makes its 1997 ozone NAAQS conformity determination for the 2045 RPC Long Range Transportation Plan and 2019-2022 TIP, conformity will be required no less frequently than every four years. This conformity determination report will address transportation conformity for the RPC 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan and 2019-2022 TIP.

The transportation conformity regulation at 40 CFR 93.109 sets forth the criteria and procedures for determining conformity. The conformity criteria for MTPs and TIPs include: latest planning assumptions (93.110), latest emissions model (93.111), consultation (93.112), transportation control measures (93.113(b) and (c), and emissions budget and/or interim emissions (93.118 and/or 93.119).

For the 1997 ozone NAAQS areas, transportation conformity for MTPs and TIPs for the 1997 ozone NAAQS can be demonstrated without a regional emissions analysis, per 40 CFR 93.109I. This provision states that the regional emissions analysis requirement applies one year after the effective date of EPA's nonattainment designation for a NAAQS and until the effective date of revocation of such NAAQS for an area. The 1997 ozone NAAQS revocation was effective on April 6, 2015, and the South Coast II court upheld the revocation. As no regional emission analysis is required for this conformity determination, there is no requirement to use the latest emissions model, or budget or interim emissions tests.

Therefore, transportation conformity for the 1997 ozone NAAQS for the Rockingham Planning Commission MPO 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan and 2019-2022 TIP can be demonstrated by showing the remaining requirements in Table 1 in 40 CFR 93.109 have been met. These requirements, which are laid out in Section 2.4 of EPA's guidance and addressed below, include:

- Latest planning assumptions (93.110)
- Consultation (93.112)
- Transportation Control Measures (93.113)
- Fiscal constraint (93.108)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> EPA-420-B-18-050, November 2018 and other guidance can be found on the EPA website at:

https://www.epa.gov/state-and-local-transportation/policy-and-technical-guidance-state-and-local-transportation <sup>4</sup> The areas identified can be found in EPA's "Transportation Conformity Guidance for the South Coast II Court Decision, EPA-420-B-18-050, available on the web at: <u>www.epa.gov/state-and-local-transportation/policy-and-technical-guidance-state-and-local-transportation</u>

### 5.2 Latest Planning Assumptions

The use of latest planning assumptions in 40 CFR 93.110 of the conformity rule generally apply to regional emissions analysis. In the 1997 ozone NAAQS areas, the use of latest planning assumptions requirement applies to assumptions about transportation control measures (TCMs) in an approved SIP.

Assumptions used in the 2021-2024 TIP and 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan are derived from the most recent estimates of current and future population, employment, travel, and congestion.

- 2040 Population projections were developed by the State of New Hampshire Office of Strategic Initiatives (OSI) in 2016 in conjunction with the nine regional planning commissions. These projections were extended to 2045 utilizing the same methodology.
- 2045 Employment projections were developed utilizing growth rates from the NH Department of Employment Security's Economic and Labor Market Information (ELMI) Bureau 2014-2024 10 year projections for Regional Planning Commission areas completed in February 2017.
- The MPO Regional Travel Demand Model is calibrated to 2015 and utilizes available traffic counts, travel time data, and Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS) data, and other factors to establish baseline travel demand.
- The MPO Long Range Transportation Plan discusses transit ridership and operations in the MPO region for both regional and inter-city services.
- The New Hampshire SIP includes a single TCM, the New Hampshire Vehicle OBD and Safety Testing Program. This program has been in place and used to inspect all 1998 and newer light-duty motor vehicles registered in the state since 2005.

## 5.3 Consultation Requirements

The consultation requirements in 40 CFR 93.112 were addressed both for interagency consultation and public consultation.

Interagency consultation was conducted with NH Department of Transportation, NH Department of Environmental Services Air Resources Division Mobile Source Program, The four New Hampshire MPOs (NRPC, RPC, SNHPC, and SRPC) as well as the five rural Regional Planning Commissions (CNHPC, LRPC, NCC, SWRPC, and UVLSRPC), FHWA, FTA, and EPA. Interagency Consultation consists of monthly meetings/conference calls that discuss TIP/STIP, Long Range Transportation Plan, and Air Quality Conformity related topics and issues. Interagency consultation was conducted consistent with the New Hampshire Conformity SIP.

Public consultation was conducted consistent with planning rule requirements in 23 CFR 450 and the MPO Public Participation Plan. The draft 2021-2024 TIP, 2045 Plan, and Air Quality Conformity Determination were published on the MPO website on February 8, 2021. A 30 Day public Comment Period was opened on February 8, 2021 and concluded on March 9, 2021 and a public hearing was held on March 10, 2020.

## 5.4 Timely Implementation of TCMs

The New Hampshire SIP includes no Transportation Control Measures (TCM).

### 5.5 Fiscal Constraint

Transportation conformity requirements in 40 CFR 93.108 state that transportation plans and TIPs must be fiscally constrained consistent with DOT's metropolitan planning regulations at 23 CFR part 450. The RPC 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan and 2021-2024 TIP are fiscally constrained, as demonstrated in Chapter 5 of the 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan and section 4.1 of the TIP.

## 5.6 Conclusion

The conformity determination process completed for the 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan and 2021-2024 TIP demonstrates that these planning documents meet the Clean Air Act and Transportation Conformity rule requirements for the 1997 ozone NAAQS.

## 6.0 TIP Revision Process

There are two types of revisions that are allowable for the TIP; Administrative Adjustments, and Amendments. The determination as to which type of change is utilized for each project is one that is made through the Interagency Consultation process and is based on established thresholds detailed in the <u>STIP</u> <u>Revision Procedures</u> on NHDOT's website as well as . These thresholds are based on the type and scale of the changes that are being considered.

The NH Department of Transportation (NHDOT), through cooperation and coordination with the Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPO) and the rural Regional Planning Commissions (RPC), maintains the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP). To comply with Federal rules the MPO area Transportation Improvement Plans (TIPs) and the NHDOT STIP must be consistent with one another. The approved STIP is frequently revised to reflect changes in project schedules, funding needs, and scopes; therefore, before the STIP is revised to reflect a project change in an MPO area, the MPO TIP must first be revised.

These changes may be initiated by the NHDOT, MPO, or public transit agency in the region. Depending upon their significance and complexity, the completion of the revision will require coordination from several agencies and Federal approval. To assist with coordinating the process of TIP and STIP revisions and amendments, an interagency consultation process has been established which includes the NHDOT Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and the NH Department of Environmental Services (NHDES), MPOs and RPCs. The process is intended to address and coordinate issues relating to MPO public comments and participation periods, statewide comment periods, financial constraint and air quality conformity determinations.

The procedure for formally amending the MPO TIP and the New Hampshire STIP differs depending on the nature and scale of the proposed amendment. Through Interagency Consultation, criteria have been developed describing the thresholds and triggers that will define what type of action is required to make a revision to the TIP or STIP as well as the length of any public comment period required. Following are the thresholds or events that trigger the necessity for an amendment and the provisions that would allow for an administrative modification or information only change including a table that illustrates the cost change thresholds and required public comment periods for each. Further details on each are provided in the <u>MPO prospectus</u>.

### 6.1 Administrative Modification

Administrative Modifications, sometimes referred to as minor revisions, encompass less substantive changes to projects and require interagency consultation, approval by NHDOT and a designee of the MPO, and notification of FHWA/FTA. Consistent with the definitions included in 23 CFR 450.104, administrative modifications are classified as minor revisions.

- A moderate change in the total cost of a project (See Project Cost Thresholds table);
- Combining or separating two or more projects that are part of an approved TIP;
- Combining or separating phases within a project that are part of an approved TIP;

- Identifying a specific project that was part of a general parent project (statewide projects for example) and adjusting the parent project accordingly;
- Adding or removing a non-regionally significant project that had been included with Unofficial Status (illustrative purposes). Only projects that are not regionally significant and exempt from air quality conformity would be eligible for addition through an administrative modification. If the addition impacts the financial constraint of the TIP an Amendment is required;

### 6.2 Amendments

Amendments are the most substantive revisions to projects and require a 10 to 30 day public comment period, interagency consultation, adoption by NHDOT and approval by the MPO, approval by FHWA/FTA, and in non-attainment or maintenance areas, a finding of conformity. Consistent with the definitions included in 23 CFR 450.104, amendments are classified as major revisions.

- Any change to a project that impacts the Air Quality Analysis used for the current Conformity Determination. Primarily affects Not Exempt projects or phase of a project;
- Adding or removing a regionally significant or Not Exempt project or phase of a project;
- Adding or removing a federally funded project or phase of a project;
- Making a change in the scope of work of a project that uses state or federal funds or of any regionally significant projects regardless of the funding source;
- A significant change in the total cost of a project (See table);
- A change in the fiscal year of any phase of a project in areas where expedited project selection procedures have not been adopted.

# 7.0 Transportation Improvement Program Projects

The primary focus of the TIP is to list the projects to be implemented over the next four years. This is done in four components:

- Establishing the status of projects from the previous TIP
- Identifying the individual projects occurring in the region
- Listing the "Grouped Projects"
- Detailing the regional transit agency projects

Each of these is discussed in the following sections and include tables providing details on the scope, cost, and timing of each project.

## 7.1 Status of Projects from the Previous TIP

The progress of projects in the Rockingham Planning Commission Transportation Improvement Program is tracked in two ways. First, a List of Obligated Projects<sup>5</sup> is published annually by the MPO. This document identifies

2		ects from or 2019 o	n the 2019-2022 or 2020	
Status		% of	Funding	% of
		Total		Total
Completed/In Progress	11	46%	\$ 169,983,085	74%
Delayed to 2021 or later	12	50%	\$ 60,894,545	26%
Dropped	1	4%	\$ 275,000	0.1%
Total	24	100%	\$ 231,152,630	100%

those projects for which federal funds were obligated, or drawn down, during the previous fiscal year. This aids the MPO and the public in understanding project status as individual projects move from planning to implementation. Second, federal planning regulations indicate that the Transportation Improvement Program should include a list of "major projects from the previous TIP that were implemented and identify any significant delays in the planned implementation of major projects."<sup>6</sup> The previous TIP covered fiscal years 2019-2022 and so projects in the first two years (2019 and 2020) will have been developed and constructed as scheduled, potentially delayed to fiscal years 2021 or 2022 (or beyond), and in some cases, project have been dropped completely. There were 24 regional projects identified in the 2019-2022 TIP that were planned for implementation in 2019 or 2020, and the overall status of these projects is incorporated into *Figure 10*. No projects were identified that were "dropped" from the TIP and discontinued. Eleven of the twenty-one projects in Figure 10 were completed as scheduled and another three are in progress and will be completed without needing to be included in the 2021-2024 TIP. This represents 86% of the total funding of all the projects. Seven projects experienced enough delay to move into fiscal years 2021 and/or 2022 and have been included in the 2021-2024 TIP. A detailed listing of the projects, along with the status of each of the projects is listed in *Figure 11*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The Annual List of Obligated Projects is published in December each year and is available at: <u>http://www.rpc-nh.org/transportation/annual-list-obligated-projects</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> 23 CFR 450.326 - Development and content of the transportation improvement program (TIP)

#### Project Project Total Number Name Route Scope Cost **Status** 41744 COAST COAST - capital/oper for Newington-Dover infrastructure \$9,930,559 Completed COAST project support. CMAQ-to-FTA transfer. 41743 Exeter Rockingham Rehabilitate the Rockingham Control Siding \$1,600,000 Delayed to 2022 Control Siding 40436 NH 111 Widen shoulders to 5' on Kingston Road (NH Route 111) for \$1,072,008 Delayed to 2023 Exeter approximately 1.1 miles. (14-26TAP) 29609 Hampton NH 1A Engineering study / design for Ocean Blvd improvements \$275,000 Completed 26485 Hampton – Hampton Branch Purchase rail corridor from Hampton to Portsmouth \$4,400,000 Delayed to 2022 Portsmouth Rail Corridor approximately 9.7 miles and improve trail surface. 29610 Hampton Falls US 1 Intersection improvements to enhance traffic operations and \$275,000 Study in progress safety NH 1B Bridge replace, Single Leaf Bascule Bridge, NH 1B over Little 16127 New Castle-Rye \$2,132,505 Delayed to 2022 Harbor (Red List) Br No 066/071 11238S Spaulding Remove the superstructure General Sullivan Br & provide the Newington-\$33,809,996 Delayed to 2024 Turnpike most cost effective bike/ped connection Dover 11238Q Newington-Spaulding Reconstruct Spaulding Tpk from LBB to Dover Toll Booth & Exit \$70,643,719 Completed Dover Turnpike 6 interchange (incl. new soundwalls) 41752 Portsmouth Elwyn Road Add a multi-use path for bike/ped along Elwyn Rd extending \$1,024,353 Delayed to 2021 from Rt1 to Harding Rd. 42350 Portsmouth Lang Rd/ Realign Lang Road to connect to Longmeadow Road \$1,081,489 Delayed to 2021 Longmeadow Rd /US 1 Peverly Hill Road Const. new sidewalk and striped bicycle shoulders and \$1,738,036 Delayed to 2022 20258 Portsmouth associated drainage along Peverly Hill Road. US 1 Bypass: Replace Woodbury Avenue and Stark Street 13455D Portsmouth US 1 Bypass \$7,059,481 Completed bridges over US 1 Bypass 27690 Portsmouth US 1 Bypass Culvert Rehabilitation, US 1 By-Pass over Hodgson Brook Br No \$1,802,329 Completed 192/106 40893 Grafton Road Study the long-term needs of the Portsmouth Transportation Portsmouth \$275,000 Dropped Center 16189 Portsmouth, NH 1-95 Rehabilitation of Bridge Over Piscatagua River (High Level \$33,913,000 In Progress - Kittery, ME Bridge) 12334A Salem NH 28 Phase 1 roadway and building demo for Salem #12334 Depot \$580,000 In Progress Project at intersection of NH28 & NH97 Reconstruct Depot Intersection NH28 (Broadway) and NH 97 12334 Salem NH 28 \$12,229,780 In Progress (Main Street) Add Turn Lanes on NH28 MUPCA 41750 M&L Rail Line Add .3 miles to Salem Bike-Ped Corridor which runs along Delayed to 2021 Salem \$867,978 abandoned Manchester & Lawrence rail line. Mainline, State Line to Exit 1 NB & SB 13933A Salem to I-93 \$22,055,019 Completed Manchester Exit 1 to Exit 5 - Construct 4th lane northbound and 14633J Salem to I-93 \$11,935,000 Completed Manchester southbound 41712 Seabrook US 1 Capacity improvements on US 1 between New Zealand Road \$2,962,621 Delayed to 2023 and the Hampton Falls Town Line Various Tier 2 42292 Statewide Tier Resurfacing of various Tier 2 roadways in the Southwest region \$5,746,184 Completed 2(S) Resurfacing South for Maintenance & Preservation 42293 Statewide Tier Various Tier 2 Resurfacing of various Tier 2 roadways in the Southeast region \$3,743,573 Completed Southeast for Maintenance & Preservation 2(SE) Resurfacing

### Figure 11: Status of Projects from the 2019-2022 TIP

## 7.2 Individually listed projects

The funding allocated to regional projects included in the TIP for implementation is summarized in *Figure* **12** and each of the projects are listed individually in *Figure* **13**. Projects are sorted by community/location and project numbers and represent all projects that are either federally funded or are considered regionally significant and thus require federal action as part of the TIP approval. Figure 13 includes all individually listed projects in the region including the FTA funding for the regional transit agencies which are grouped by agency and funding source. Further details on the transit projects are include in in Section 7.4 and the accompanying figures. The project details incorporated into Figure 13 include project name and number, location, general scope, programmed cost by phase and year inflated to year of construction costs for each year. Total costs for each project are also shown and this includes costs accrued for the years before and that may be programmed after the TIP timeframe.

Fiscal Year	Federal	State	Other	Total
2021	\$ 41,926,763	\$ 13,100,821	\$ 3,292,532	\$ 58,320,116
2022	\$ 54,590,458	\$ 6,051,709	\$ 2,261,523	\$ 62,903,690
2023	\$ 37,826,451	\$ 20,892,260	\$ 2,996,426	\$ 61,715,138
2024	\$ 36,786,794	\$ 14,960,141	\$ 2,119,685	\$ 53,866,620
	\$ 171,130,467	\$ 55,004,931	\$ 10,670,166	\$ 236,805,563

### Figure 12: Total Funding for Individually Listed TIP Projects by Fiscal Year and Source

## 7.3 Grouped projects

Federal regulations allow projects that are exempt from air quality conformity analysis to be grouped together as single project listings in the TIP. Project types that can be grouped include pavement resurfacing projects, safety projects, and bridge rehabilitation projects. In New Hampshire, this has been put into practice in the TIP and MPO Long Range Plans listings as "Statewide Programs" and there are currently 32 of these encompassing \$344.7 million in funding during the four years as summarized in *Figure 14* with full details provided in *Figure 15*. The project details include project name and number, location, general scope, programmed cost by phase and year inflated to year of construction costs for each year after 2021. Total costs for each project are also shown and this includes costs accrued for the years before and that may be programmed after the TIP timeframe.

Fiscal Year	Federal	State	Other	Total
2021	\$ 85,486,109	\$ 7,248,207	\$ 3,144,627	\$ 95,878,943
2022	\$ 67,666,042	\$ 7,258,921	\$ 3,164,890	\$ 78,089,853
2023	\$ 72,093,519	\$ 7,147,314	\$ 2,929,971	\$ 82,170,804
2024	\$ 78,430,130	\$ 7,168,460	\$ 2,951,052	\$ 88,549,642
	\$ 303,675,800	\$ 28,822,901	\$12,190,540	\$ 344,689,241

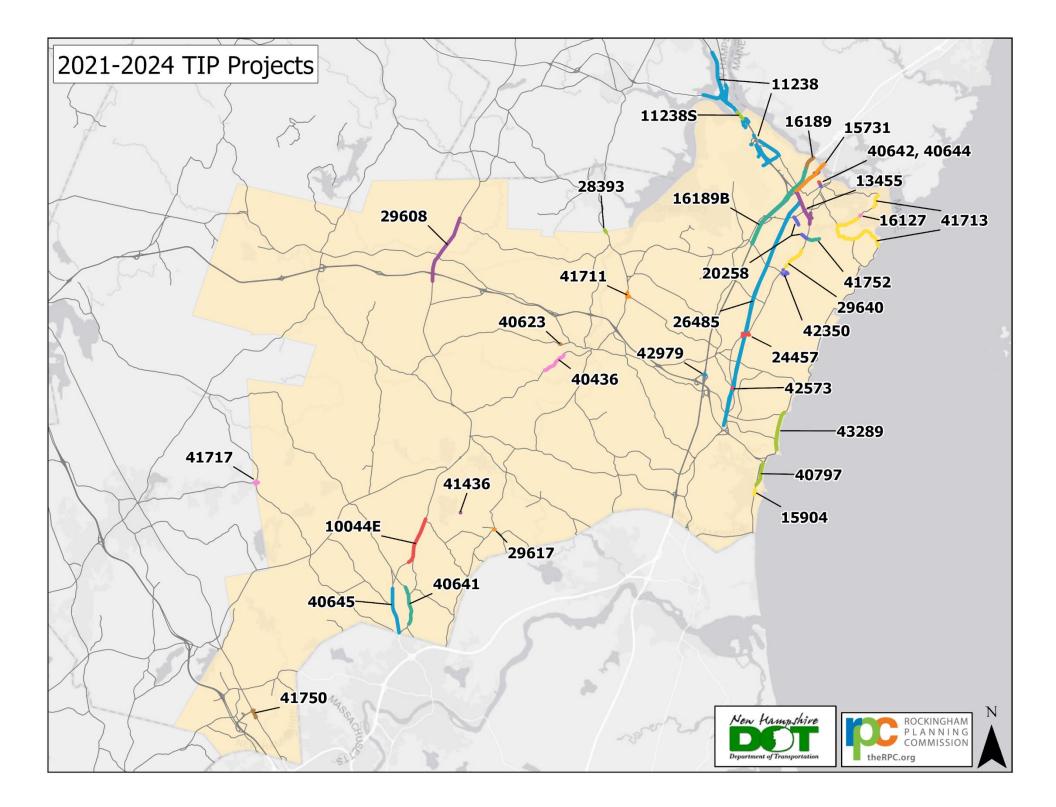
### Figure 14: Statewide Program Total Funding by Fiscal Year

### 7.4 Transit Agency Project Details

Transit agencies generally have a lot of discretion on how the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) funding that they receive is expended within the guidelines established by the law and FTA regulations. The funding for transit agencies is generally categorized into the following categories with limitations for each based on the source as well as the size of the transit agency (large urban or small):

- Operating Assistance
- Preventive Maintenance
- Miscellaneous Support Equipment
- Bus Station Equipment
- General and Comprehensive Planning
- ADA Operations
- Capital Program
- Mobility Management

The State Department of Transportation, the MPO, and any Public Transit providers in the MPO region must coordinate on how these projects are listed in the TIP as well as the requirements for any revisions to the TIP/STIP. For the efficiency purposes, the TIP and STIP include transit projects grouped by agency and FTA funding Program. This ensures that each regional transit agency has a single project listing per funding source. These can be seen for COAST and MTA in Figure 13. The benefit of listing the projects in this manner is that the transit agencies can encumber grant funds within their overall funding allocation without having to wait for a TIP/STIP revision. The limitation to this new format is that the details of the transit projects are not included in the project tables (Figures 14 and 15). To account for that, *Figure 16* includes the available federal funding information for COAST, MTA, and Wildcat Transit by use.



EPPING ( Facility:	-					Rte 125 Capacity an ovements from Bri				Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$2,740,492 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	Funding	Programs	
ROW		\$463,854	\$265,837		\$729,692	\$729,692			NHP, TO		
PE	\$880,000	\$1,130,800			\$2,010,800	\$2,010,800			NHP, TO	2	
	\$880,000	\$1,594,654	\$265,837		\$2,740,492	\$2,740,492					
Regionally S EXETER ( Facility:				N/E		en shoulders to 5' o oximately 1.1 mile	-	d (NH Route 11	.1) for	Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$997,181 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	Funding	Programs	
CON			\$997,181		\$997,181	\$666,704		\$330,477	TOWNS	5, TAP	
			\$997,181		\$997,181	\$666,704		\$330,477			
Regionally S	ignificant: N	Clean	Air Act Code:	E-4	RPCS: RPC						

EXETER (40 Facility: N	-					e Replacement to over Little River (I		Bridge carrying	g NH	Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$856,231 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	Funding	Programs	
PE		\$275,000		\$348,739	\$623,739	\$623,739			STBG>20	00К, ТС	
ROW				\$232,492	\$232,492	\$232,492			STBG>20	00К, ТС	
		\$275,000		\$581,231	\$856,231	\$856,231					
					RPLN RPL						
GARVEE DS Facility: N	6_23 (42710)		r Act Code:	E-19		Service Project for er Sutton 15747	r Seabrook-Hamı	oton 15904 and	d	Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$7,799,066 A0
GARVEE DS	6_23 (42710)		2023	2024	SCOPE: Debt	-	r Seabrook-Hamı STATE	oton 15904 and OTHER			
GARVEE DS Facility: N	6_23 (42710) IH 1A				SCOPE: Debt : Warn	er Sutton 15747				Most Recent Revision: Programs	

# 2021 Transportation Improvement Program Covering Fiscal Years 2021-2024

HAMPSTEA Facility: N	N <b>D (41717)</b> IH121/Derry Ro	l/Depot Rd			SCOPE: Impro	ve the intersection	on of NH121/Der	ry Rd/Depot R	d Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$174,369 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms	

PE			\$174,369 \$174,369		\$174,369 \$174,369	\$174,369 \$174,369			STBG>200K, TC		
Regionally Sig	gnificant: N	Clean A	ir Act Code:	ATT	RPCS: RPC						
		OUTH (26485 nch Rail Corridor	•			ire 9.7 miles RR Co ove existing corrid	-		Most Re	Total Cost ecent Revision:	\$2,311,100 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms		
ROW	\$1,100				\$1,100	\$1,100			CMAQ, TC		
PE	\$55,000				\$55,000	\$55,000			CMAQ, TC		
CON		\$2,255,000			\$2,255,000	\$2,255,000			CMAQ, TC		
	\$56,100	\$2,255,000			\$2,311,100	\$2,311,100					

# 2021 Transportation Improvement Program Covering Fiscal Years 2021-2024

	DN (40797) Ocean Bouleva	ard			SCOPE: Impro	vements to Ocea	in Boulevard.			Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$9,028,543 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	Fundin	gPrograms	
PE	\$1,224,388	\$861,579			\$2,085,967	\$2,085,967			STBG5-	-200K, TC	
ROW	\$113,080	\$205,164			\$318,244	\$318,244			STBG5-	-200К, ТС	
				\$6,624,331	\$6,624,331	\$6,624,331			STBG5-	-200К, ТС	
CON											
CON	\$1,337,468	\$1,066,744		\$6,624,331	\$9,028,543	\$9,028,543					
Regionally S			ir Act Code:	\$6,624,331	RPCS: RPC SCOPE: Addre	\$9,028,543 ss Red List bridge in the Town of Ha		ing US 1 over P	PAR	Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$573,316 A0
Regionally S	Significant: N N (42573)		ir Act Code: 2023	\$6,624,331	RPCS: RPC SCOPE: Addre	ss Red List bridge		ing US 1 over P OTHER			
Regionally S HAMPT( Facility:	Significant: N DN (42573) US Route 1	Clean Ai		\$6,624,331 E-38	RPCS: RPC SCOPE: Addre (Abd)	ss Red List bridge in the Town of Ha	ampton		Fundin	Most Recent Revision:	

# FIGURE 13 - Regional Projects As Adopted - 3/10/2021

NEW CAST Facility: N	Г <b>LE - RYE (161</b> NH 1В	.27)			-	e replace, Single L r (Red List) Br No		ge, NH 1B over Litt	e Total Cost \$9 Most Recent Revision:	,292,833 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER Fu	ndingPrograms	
PE	\$55,000				\$55,000	\$55,000		ST	BG5-200K, TC	
ROW	\$22,000				\$22,000	\$22,000		ST	BG5-200K, TC	
CON		\$9,215,833			\$9,215,833	\$9,215,833		ST	BG5-200K, TC	
	\$77,000	\$9,215,833			\$9,292,833	\$9,292,833				
Regionally Sign NEW CAST Facility: N	- <b></b>		ir Act Code:	E-19	RPCS: RPC SCOPE: Bicycle 1B.	e and pedestrain	safety accommo	dationson NH 1A &	Total Cost \$ Most Recent Revision:	\$179,252 A0
NEW CAST	- <b></b>		ir Act Code: 2023	E-19 2024	SCOPE: Bicycle	e and pedestrain FEDERAL	safety accommo			
NEW CAST	LE-RYE (4171	.3)			SCOPE: Bicycle 1B.			OTHER FU	Most Recent Revision:	

# 2021 Transportation Improvement Program Covering Fiscal Years 2021-2024

		\$275,000				e Replacement fo R lines Br No 127,	or bridges carryin; /081 & 125/054	g NH 108 over	Mo	Total Cost st Recent Revision:	\$275,000 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingProgr	rams	
PE	\$275,000				\$275,000	\$275,000			STBG-FLEX, T	ſĊ	
	\$275,000				\$275,000	\$275,000					
Regionally S	Significant: N	Clean A	ir Act Code:	E-19	RPCS: RPC, SRPC						
NEWING	Significant: N TON - DOVER ( NH 16 / US 4 / Si	11238)	ir Act Code:	E-19	SCOPE: NH 16		IKE INCLUDING LI TO DOVER TOLL			Total Cost st Recent Revision:	\$1,790,000 A0
NEWING Facility:	TON - DOVER (	11238)	ir Act Code:	E-19 2024	SCOPE: NH 16					st Recent Revision:	
NEWING Facility: Phase	TON - DOVER ( NH 16 / US 4 / S	<b>— — — — —</b> 11238) PLDG ТРК			SCOPE: NH 16 FROM	I GOSLING ROAD	TO DOVER TOLL.		Mos	st Recent Revision:	
NEWING	TON - DOVER ( NH 16 / US 4 / S 2021	<b>— — — — —</b> 11238) PLDG ТРК			SCOPE: NH 16 FROM	I GOSLING ROAD	TO DOVER TOLL.		FundingProgr	st Recent Revision:	

**NEWINGTON - DOVER (11238S)** 

#### FIGURE 13 - Regional Projects As Adopted - 3/10/2021

Total Cost \$14,388,114

	TON - DOVER SPAULDING TU		E BAY BRIDG	ES		e most cost effectiv		llivan Br & provide ction	Most Recent Revision:	A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Tota	l FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER F	undingPrograms	
CON				\$14,388,114	\$14,388,114		\$14,388,114	т	РКСАР	
				\$14,388,114	\$14,388,114		\$14,388,114			
Regionally S	ignificant: Y	Clean Ai	ir Act Code:	E-19	RPCS: RPC, SR	PC				
NEWTON Facility:	N (29617) NH 108				SCOPE: Im	provements to Rov	ve's Corner (Mapl	e Ave, Amesbury R	d) Total Cost \$ Most Recent Revision:	1,142,612 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Tota	I FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER F	undingPrograms	
CON		\$867,612			\$867,612	\$867,612		S	TBG>200K, TC	
PE	\$220,000				\$220,000	\$220,000		S	TBG>200K, TC	
ROW	\$55,000				\$55,000	\$55,000		S	TBG>200K, TC	
	\$275,000	\$867,612			\$1,142,612	\$1,142,612				

**SCOPE:** Remove the superstructure General Sullivan Br & provide

NEWTON Facility:	<b>(41436)</b> Pond Street					ss the Red List br Town of Newton		d Street over F	PAR	Total Cost lost Recent Revision:	\$113,872 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPro	ograms	
PE			\$84,810	\$29,062	\$113,872	\$113,872			STBG-BR, T	TC	
			\$84,810	\$29,062	\$113,872	\$113,872					
	ignificant: N IAMPTON (2 US Route 1		Air Act Code:			structure replace n & Maine RR (Re	-		/er N	Total Cost lost Recent Revision:	\$5,363,600 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPro	ograms	
CON		\$5,088,600			\$5,088,600	\$5,088,600			NHP, TC		
ROW	\$275,000				\$275,000	\$275,000			NHP, TC		
	\$275,000	\$5,088,600			\$5,363,600	\$5,363,600					
Regionally Si	ignificant: N	Clean /	Air Act Code:	E-19	RPCS: RPC						

#### FIGURE 13 - Regional Projects As Adopted - 3/10/2021

Total Cost

\$4,400,168

NORTH HA	AMPTON (42 1-95	2979)				xit 2 Bridge 078, cement and brid	/070 Rehab to incl ge painting	ude deck		Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$4,400,168 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	Fundir	ngPrograms	
CON		\$2,261,600	\$2,113,568		\$4,375,168		\$4,375,168		TPKRR	R	
PE	\$25,000				\$25,000		\$25,000		TPKRR	R	
	425 000	\$2,261,600	\$2,113,568		\$4,400,168		\$4,400,168				
	V - KINGSTO	Clean	Air Act Code:	E-18		nstruct NH 125: a	anticipated 3 lanes oprox 1.8 mi	s, from south o	of	Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$13,705,520 A0
PLAISTOW Facility:	gnificant: Y V - KINGSTO NH 125	Clean N (10044E)			SCOPE: Recol town	line northerly ap	oprox 1.8 mi			Most Recent Revision:	
PLAISTOW Facility: Phase	gnificant: Y V - KINGSTO	Clean	Air Act Code: 2023 \$11,725,520	E-18	SCOPE: Reco			s, from south o		Most Recent Revision:	
PLAISTOW	gnificant: Y V - KINGSTO NH 125	Clean N (10044E)	2023		SCOPE: Recoutown	line northerly ap	oprox 1.8 mi		Fundir	Most Recent Revision: ngPrograms	
PLAISTOW Facility: Phase CON	gnificant: Y V - KINGSTO NH 125 2021	Clean N (10044E)	2023		SCOPE: Recol town Total \$11,725,520	FEDERAL \$11,725,520	oprox 1.8 mi		Fundir NHP, 1	Most Recent Revision: ngPrograms TC	

PLAISTOW Facility: N	<b>/ (40641)</b> NH 121A / Mai	n Street			SCOPE: Main S	Street Traffic Calr	ning and Safety I	mprovements	Most Rec	Total Cost cent Revision:	\$331,724 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms		
ROW			\$53,644		\$53,644	\$53,644			STBG>200K, TC		
PE	\$165,000	\$113,080			\$278,080	\$278,080			STBG>200K, TC		
	\$165,000	\$113,080	\$53,644		\$331,724	\$331,724					
Regionally Sigr			Air Act Code:	E-51	RPCS: RPC						
PLAISTOW	nificant: N			E-51	SCOPE: Signal	coordination and Old County Road	d control along co	prridor from M	ass Most Rec	Total Cost cent Revision:	\$298,753 A0
PLAISTOW	gnificant: <u>N</u>			E-51 2024	SCOPE: Signal			orridor from M OTHER	ass Most Rec FundingPrograms		
PLAISTOW Facility: N	nificant: N / (40645) NH 125	Clean /	Air Act Code:		SCOPE: Signal S/L to	Old County Road			Most Rec		

	DUTH (13455) US 1 BYPASS				SCOPE: US 1 B	ypass: Replace bi	ridges along US	Route 1 Bypass	Mc	Total Cost ost Recent Revision:	\$33,000 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingProg	rams	
PE	\$33,000				\$33,000	\$33,000			BRIDGE, TC		
	\$33,000				\$33,000	\$33,000					
Regionally Si	gnificant: N	Clean A	ir Act Code:	ATT	RPCS: RPC						
					CCOPE: Const					Total Cost	\$1,250,729
	DUTH (20258) Peverly Hill Rd.					new sidewalk an ated drainage alo			Mc	ost Recent Revision:	AO
		2022	2023	2024					FundingProg	ost Recent Revision:	
<b>Facility:</b> Phase	Peverly Hill Rd.	2022	2023	2024	associa	ated drainage alo	ng Peverly Hill	Road.	Mc	ost Recent Revision: rams	
Facility: Phase ROW	Peverly Hill Rd.	2022	2023	2024	associ: Total	ated drainage alo	ng Peverly Hill	Road. OTHER	FundingProg	ost Recent Revision: rrams	
Facility:	Peverly Hill Rd. 2021 \$16,000	2022	2023	2024	associa Total \$16,000	FEDERAL \$12,800	ng Peverly Hill	Road. <u>OTHER</u> \$3,200	FundingProg CMAQ, TOW	ost Recent Revision: rrams /NS	

PORTSMO Facility: L	OUTH (29640) US 1					Improvements (1. on Rd & from Ocea	,		Total Cost \$4,918,206 Most Recent Revision: A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms
PE	ç	1,162,462			\$1,162,462	\$1,162,462			NHP, TC
ROW	ç	3,755,744			\$3,755,744	\$3,755,744			NHP, TC
	d	4,918,206			\$4,918,206	\$4,918,206			
Regionally Sig	nificant: N		Air Act Code:	N/E	RPCS: RPC				Total Cost \$154,523
PORTSMO		Clean A	Air Act Code:	N/E	SCOPE: Com	plete Streets impro Congress Street to		•	ue Total Cost \$154,523 Most Recent Revision: A0
PORTSMO	nificant: <u>N</u> DUTH (40642)	Clean A	Air Act Code:	N/E 2024	SCOPE: Com			•	ue
PORTSMO Facility: M Phase	unificant: N OUTH (40642) Maplewood Aven	Clean A			SCOPE: Com from	Congress Street to	o Vaughan Stree	et	Most Recent Revision: A0
PORTSMO Facility:	unificant: N OUTH (40642) Maplewood Aven 2021	Clean A	2023		SCOPE: Com from Total	Congress Street to	o Vaughan Stree	OTHER	We       Most Recent Revision:       A0         FundingPrograms       FundingPrograms

PORTSM Facility:	OUTH (40644) Market Street -				SCOPE: Railro	ad crossing upgra	de on Market S	Street	Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$70,932 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms	
PE			\$70,932		\$70,932	\$56,746		\$14,186	STBG5-200K, TOWNS	
			\$70,932		\$70,932	\$56,746		\$14,186		
Regionally S	ignificant: N	Clean A	Air Act Code:	ATT	RPCS: RPC					
PORTSM Facility:	OUTH (41752) Elwyn Road	)				multi-use path fo Rt1 to Harding Rd	-	g Elwyn Rd exte	nding Most Recent Revision:	\$985,800 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms	
ROW	\$75,000				\$75,000	\$60,000		\$15,000	CMAQ, TOWNS	
								6474760		
CON		\$873,800			\$873,800	\$699,040		\$174,760	CMAQ, TOWNS	
CON PE	\$37,000	\$873,800			\$873,800 \$37,000	\$699,040 \$29,600		\$174,760 \$7,400	CMAQ, TOWNS	

	<b>)UTH (42350)</b> Lang Road/Long	meadow Road	/US Route 1		SCOPE: Realig	n Lang Road to co	onnect to Long	meadow Road	Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$1,143,489 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms	
ROW	\$5,000				\$5,000			\$5,000	OTHER NONPAR	
CON	\$966,489				\$966,489	\$966,489			HSIP, TC	
					\$172,000			\$172,000	OTHER NONPAR	
PE	\$172,000									
	\$172,000 \$1,143,489 gnificant: N	Clean Ai	r Act Code:	E-6	\$1,143,489 RPCS: RPC	\$966,489		\$177,000		
egionally Sign	\$1,143,489 gnificant: N OUTH (42874)		r Act Code:	E-6	RPCS: RPC SCOPE: Purcha	\$966,489 se and install for c vehicles.	ur electric char		Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$51,260 A0
egionally Sign ORTSMO Facility: \	\$1,143,489 gnificant: N OUTH (42874)		r Act Code:	E-6 2024	RPCS: RPC SCOPE: Purcha	ase and install for	ur electric char			
egionally Sign ORTSMO Facility: N Phase	\$1,143,489 gnificant: N OUTH (42874) VARIOUS				RPCS: RPC SCOPE: Purcha electri	ase and install for c vehicles.		ging stations for	Most Recent Revision:	
egionally Sig	\$1,143,489 gnificant: N OUTH (42874) VARIOUS	2022			RPCS: RPC SCOPE: Purcha electri Total	ase and install for c vehicles. FEDERAL		ging stations for OTHER	Most Recent Revision: FundingPrograms	\$51,260 A0

	OUTH (42879 New Hampshi	<b>))</b> re Ave/Arboretu	um Dr/Pease	Blvd		ruct right turn lar Hampshire Ave Int		oound directior	n of N	Tot Most Recent Re	al Cost evision:	\$420,442 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPr	rograms		
CON			\$380,442		\$380,442	\$304,354		\$76,088	CMAQ, TC	OWNS		
PE	\$40,000				\$40,000	\$32,000		\$8,000	CMAQ, TC	OWNS		
	\$40,000		\$380,442		\$420,442	\$336,354		\$84,088				
Regionally Si		Clean A	ir Act Code:	E-51	RPCS: RPC							
PORTSMO	ignificant: N OUTH, NH - I	Clean A	ir Act Code:	E-51	SCOPE: Bridg	e Replacement, U h Mildred Long Br		Piscataqua Rive	er N	Tot Most Recent Re		\$15,620,000 A0
PORTSMC	ignificant: N OUTH, NH - I		ir Act Code:	E-51 2024	SCOPE: Bridg	-		Piscataqua Rive OTHER	er N FundingPr	Vlost Recent Re		\$15,620,000 A0
PORTSMC Facility:	ignificant: N OUTH, NH - I US 1 Bypass	— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	air Act Code: 15731)		SCOPE: Bridg (Sara	h Mildred Long Br	idge) (Red List)		N	Vlost Recent Re		

PORTSM Facility:	OUTH, NH - I 1-95	KITTERY, ME	(16189)			RESERVATION OF BF EVEL BRIDGE)	IDGE OVER PISC	ATAQUA RIVER (HIGH	Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$11,014,157 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Tota	al FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER Fundir	ngPrograms	
CON	\$10,300,000	\$714,157			\$11,014,157	7	\$11,014,157	TPKRR	ł	
	\$10,300,000	\$714,157			\$11,014,157	7	\$11,014,157			
PORTSM Facility:	OUTH, NH - ` 1-95	YORK, ME (1	6189B)		SCOPE: IT	'S Improvements to	-95 from Portsm	nouth, NH to York, ME	Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$5,603,532 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Tota	al FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER Fundir	ngPrograms	
CON	\$747,143	\$3,072,251	\$1,579,137		\$5,398,532	2	\$5,398,532	TPKRR	4	
PE	\$205,000				\$205,000	0	\$205,000	TPKRR	1	
	\$952,143	\$3,072,251	\$1,579,137		\$5,603,532	2	\$5,603,532			
Regionally S	Significant: Y	Clear	n Air Act Code:	E-7	RPCS: RPC					

	M (COAST53 Various	07)				T operating, ADA plus pending CM		-	7 Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	. , ,
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms	
OTHER	\$4,956,470	\$3,271,169	\$3,344,303	\$3,419,055	\$14,990,997	\$9,431,114	\$40,944	\$5,518,939	FTA5307, OTHER, NH	
	\$4,956,470	\$3,271,169	\$3,344,303	\$3,419,055	\$14,990,997	\$9,431,114	\$40,944	\$5,518,939		
Regionally S PROGRA Facility:	Significant: N M (FTA5307) Boston Urban		Air Act Code:	E-21		on Urbanized Area rtioned funds for			Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$19,298,573 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms	
OTHER	\$7,789,000	\$5,404,962	\$3,022,085	\$3,082,526	\$19,298,573	\$19,298,573			FTA5307, TC	
	\$7,789,000	\$5,404,962	\$3,022,085	\$3,082,526	\$19,298,573	\$19,298,573				
Regionally S	Significant: N	Clear	Air Act Code:	E-21	RPCS: CNHRPC, N	RPC, RP				

PROGRA Facility:	M (MTA5307 Manchester T		ty (MTA)			perating, ADA, c n 5307 funds. Inc		nning utilizing FT/ ea.	Total ( Most Recent Revis	\$17,452,545 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms	
OTHER	\$4,255,327	\$4,391,000	\$4,360,639	\$4,445,579	\$17,452,545	\$11,518,680		\$5,933,865	FTA5307, OTHER	
	\$4,255,327	\$4,391,000	\$4,360,639	\$4,445,579	\$17,452,545	\$11,518,680		\$5,933,865		
Regionally S	ignificant: N	Clear	n Air Act Code:	E-21	RPCS: RPC, SNHPC					 
PROGRA Facility:	M (MTA5310 Manchester T		ty (MTA)			ng for seniors and ction 5310 appo		/ disabilities. Anr RT.	Total ( Most Recent Revis	\$621,184 A0
	•		<b>ty (MTA)</b> 2023	2024		•			nual	
Facility:	Manchester T	ransit Authori		2024 \$159,939	FTA Se	ction 5310 appoi	rtionment - CA	RT.	Most Recent Revis	
Facility: Phase	Manchester T	ransit Authori 2022	2023		FTA Se Total	ction 5310 apport	rtionment - CA	RT. OTHER	Most Recent Revis	

	<b>/ (MTA5339)</b> Manchester Tra	nsit Authority	(MTA)		SCOPE: Funding Annual	g for capital veh FTA Section 533			area. N	Total Cost lost Recent Revision:	\$199,367 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPro	ograms	
OTHER	\$48,371	\$49,339	\$50,325	\$51,332	\$199,367	\$169,462	\$14,953	\$14,953	FTA5339, N	IHHF, OTHER	
	\$48,371	\$49,339	\$50,325	\$51,332	\$199,367	\$169,462	\$14,953	\$14,953			
Regionally Sig	gnificant: N	Clean 4	Air Act Code:	E-30	RPCS: RPC, SNHPC						
SALEM (41					SCOPE: 0.3 mile from Cli	es of Bike-Ped tr uff Crossing to F	-		line N	Total Cost lost Recent Revision:	\$750,522 A0
SALEM (41	<b>1750</b> )			2024			-		line V	lost Recent Revision:	
SALEM (41 Facility:	<b>– – – – –</b> – – 1750) Manchester & L	awrence Rail	<b></b>	2024	from Cl	uff Crossing to F	Rockingham Pk	Blvd	N	lost Recent Revision:	
SALEM (41 Facility:	1750) Manchester & L 2021	awrence Rail	<b></b>	2024	from Cli Total	uff Crossing to F	Rockingham Pk	Blvd OTHER	FundingPro	lost Recent Revision: ograms WNS	
SALEM (41 Facility:	1750) Manchester & L 2021 \$655,000	awrence Rail	<b></b>	2024	from Clu Total \$655,000	uff Crossing to F FEDERAL \$524,000	Rockingham Pk	Blvd OTHER \$131,000	FundingPro	lost Recent Revision: ograms WNS WNS	

SALEM ( Facility:	<b>42884)</b> Various					ove signal operation ware and software			Total Cost \$1,573,819 Y Most Recent Revision: A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms
CON			\$1,373,819		\$1,373,819	\$1,099,055		\$274,764	CMAQ, TOWNS
PE	\$200,000				\$200,000	\$160,000		\$40,000	CMAQ, TOWNS
	\$200,000		\$1,373,819		\$1,573,819	\$1,259,055		\$314,764	
SALEM ( Facility:	42885)	Clean	Air Act Code:	E-52	RPCS: RPC SCOPE: Cons	truct Rail Trail alor	ng NH 28 for ap	proximately 1 m	nile. Total Cost \$1,056,784 Most Recent Revision: A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms
Phase CON	2021	2022	2023 \$1,056,784	2024	Total \$1,056,784	FEDERAL \$845,427	STATE	OTHER \$211,357	FundingPrograms CMAQ, TOWNS
	2021	2022		2024			STATE		

SALEM T Facility:	O MANCHES I-93	TER (10418)	<b>(</b> )			Design (PE) and R or post Septemb	OW for I-93 Saler er 4, 2014	m to Manchest	er Total Cost \$159,500 Most Recent Revision: A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms
PE	\$159,500				\$159,500	\$159,500			TC, STBG>200K
	\$159,500				\$159,500	\$159,500			
Regionally S	ignificant: Y	Clear	n Air Act Code:	N/E	RPCS: RPC, SNHPC				
SALEM T Facility:	O MANCHES	TER (14800/	A)				130 & NH38 (Sal th Red List-DEBT		Total Cost \$20,813,225 Most Recent Revision: A0
		TER (14800A	<b>A)</b> 2023	2024					
Facility:	I-93	·		2024 \$6,637,756	073/0	63 & 077/063 Bo	th Red List-DEBT	SERV 13933D	Most Recent Revision: A0
Facility: Phase	I-93 2021	2022	2023		073/0 Total	63 & 077/063 Bo FEDERAL	th Red List-DEBT	SERV 13933D	Most Recent Revision: A0 FundingPrograms

**SEABROOK - HAMPTON (15904)** 

#### FIGURE 13 - Regional Projects As Adopted - 3/10/2021

Total Cost \$21,058,191

EABROC Facility:	OK - HAMPTC NH 1A	)N (15904)					d List bridge carryir 35/025)Debt Serv.P	0	Most Recent Revision:	AO
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms	
ON			\$17,195,781	\$568,177	\$17,763,957		\$17,763,957		GARVEE	
Έ	\$1,507,526	\$1,192,105			\$2,699,631	\$2,699,631			STBG5-200K, TC	
NOW	\$594,603				\$594,603	\$594,603			STBG5-200K, TC	
	. ,						\$17,763,957			
	\$2,102,129 Significant: N	\$1,192,105 Clear	\$17,195,781 n Air Act Code:	\$568,177 E-19	\$21,058,191 RPCS: RPC	\$3,294,234			Total Cost	5 075 02
egionally S	\$2,102,129	Clear			RPCS: RPC		s Tier 2 roadways		Total Cost \$ Most Recent Revision:	\$5,075,02 A0
egionally S TATEWI Facility:	\$2,102,129 Significant: N	Clear			RPCS: RPC			OTHER		
egionally S TATEWI Facility: Phase	\$2,102,129 Significant: N IDE TIER 2 (S) Various	Clear (43289)	n Air Act Code:	E-19	RPCS: RPC SCOPE: Resur	facing of variou	s Tier 2 roadways	OTHER	Most Recent Revision:	
egionally S TATEWI	\$2,102,129 Significant: N IDE TIER 2 (S) Various 2021	Clear (43289)	n Air Act Code:	E-19	RPCS: RPC SCOPE: Resur	facing of variou	s Tier 2 roadways	OTHER	Most Recent Revision:	\$5,075,02! A0

**SCOPE:** Reconstruction of Red List bridge carrying NH 1A over

#### FIGURE 13 - Regional Projects As Adopted - 3/10/2021

STRATH/ Facility:	<b>AM (41711)</b> NH108/Bunker H	Hill Avenue				ization, Turn Lane 1108/ Bunker Hill		on Realignment a	t Total Cost \$244, Most Recent Revision: A0	717
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER F	FundingPrograms	
PE	\$150,002		\$94,715		\$244,717	\$244,717		S	STBG-FLEX, TC	
	\$150,002		\$94,715		\$244,717	\$244,717				
Regionally	Significant: N	Clean A	ir Act Code:		RPCS: RPC					

\$60,564,870 \$56,554,975 \$55,416,251 \$47,786,168 \$220,322,264 \$151,330,588 \$55,030,850 \$13,960,827

	(NSTI) ational Summ	er Transporta	tion Institute		-		as a Cooperative ty of New Hamps		nent	Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$200,000 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	Fundin	gPrograms	
OTHER	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$200,000	\$200,000			NSTI		
	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$200,000	\$200,000					
egionally Signi	ificant: N	Clean A	Air Act Code:	E-0	RPCS: Statewide						
PROGRAM						des to side walks ant with ADA lav	, curb ramps, and ws.	signals to be		Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$840,000 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	Fundin	gPrograms	
PE	\$70,000		\$70,000		\$140,000	\$140,000			STBG-F	FLEX, TC	
ROW	\$10,000		\$10,000		\$20,000	\$20,000			STBG-F	FLEX, TC	
CON		\$340,000		\$340,000	\$680,000	\$680,000			STBG-S	SAFETY, TC	
	\$80,000	\$340,000	\$80,000	\$340,000	\$840,000	\$840,000					

PROGRAI Facility:	M (BRDG-HIE Various	8-M&P)			SCOPE: Main Bridg		servation efforts fo	or High Investn	nent	Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$6,334,000 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	Fundii	ngPrograms	
CON		\$269,000	\$2,800,000	\$2,800,000	\$5,869,000	\$5,869,000			NHP,	TC, STBG5-200K, STBG-FLEX	
PE	\$100,000	\$85,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$385,000	\$385,000			STBG-	FLEX, TC	
ROW	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$80,000	\$80,000			STBG-	FLEX, TC	
				\$2,920,000	\$6,334,000	\$6,334,000					
Regionally Si	\$120,000 ignificant: N M (BRDG-T1/		\$2,920,000		RPCS: Statewide SCOPE: Main	tenance & prese	rvation of tier 1 &	2 bridges.			
PROGRAI	ignificant: N M (BRDG-T1/ Tier 1-2 Bridge	Clear /2-M&P) es	Air Act Code:	ALL	SCOPE: Main				Fundiu	Most Recent Revision:	\$26,025,000 A0
PROGRAI Facility: Phase	ignificant: <u>N</u> M (BRDG-T1/	Clear /2-M&P)				tenance & prese FEDERAL \$450,000	rvation of tier 1 &	2 bridges. OTHER			
PROGRAI Facility: Phase PE	ignificant: N M (BRDG-T1/ Tier 1-2 Bridge 2021	Clear /2-M&P) es 2022	Air Act Code:	ALL 2024	SCOPE: Main	FEDERAL			NHP,	Most Recent Revision:	
PROGRAI Facility:	ignificant: N M (BRDG-T1) Tier 1-2 Bridge 2021 \$100,000	Clear /2-M&P) es 2022 \$50,000	2023 \$200,000	ALL 2024 \$100,000	SCOPE: Main Total \$450,000	FEDERAL \$450,000			NHP, <sup>-</sup> NHP, 5	Most Recent Revision: ngPrograms TC, STBG-FLEX	

	M (BRDG-T3/ Tier 3-4 Bridge	-			SCOPE: Main	tenance and pres	ervation of tier 3 &	& 4 bridges.	Total Cost \$11,700,000 Most Recent Revision: A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms
PE	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$300,000	\$300,000			NHP, TC, STBG-FLEX
ROW	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$40,000	\$40,000			NHP, STBG-FLEX, TC
CON	\$3,400,000	\$2,060,000	\$3,400,000	\$2,500,000	\$11,360,000	\$10,675,000	\$685,000		GF, NHP, STBG5-200K, STBG<5K, STBG-FLEX, TC
	\$3,510,000	\$2,170,000	\$3,460,000	\$2,560,000	\$11,700,000	\$11,015,000	\$685,000		
Regionally	Significant: N	Clear	Air Act Code:	ALL	RPCS: Statewide				
PROGRA		Clear	Air Act Code:	ALL		olex Bridge Inspec	ction (PARENT)		Total Cost \$1,000,000 Most Recent Revision: A0
PROGRA	— — — — — — М (СВІ)	Clear	Air Act Code:	ALL 2024		olex Bridge Inspec	ction (PARENT) STATE	OTHER	
PROGRA Facility:	M (CBI) Various				SCOPE: Comp			OTHER	Most Recent Revision: A0

	M (CMAQ-FT Various	A)			SCOPE: Funds	transferred from	CMAQ to FTA.		Total Cost \$8,800,000 Most Recent Revision: A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms
OTHER	\$2,200,000	\$2,200,000	\$2,200,000	\$2,200,000	\$8,800,000	\$8,800,000			CMAQ, TC
	\$2,200,000	\$2,200,000	\$2,200,000	\$2,200,000	\$8,800,000	\$8,800,000			
Regionally	Significant: N	Clear	n Air Act Code:	E-0	RPCS: Statewide				
PROGRA Facility:	M (CORRST) Various				SCOPE: Corrid	lor Studies Statew	ide		Total Cost \$2,800,000 Most Recent Revision: A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms
Phase OTHER	2021 \$700,000	2022 \$700,000	2023 \$700,000	2024 \$700,000	Total \$2,800,000	FEDERAL \$2,800,000	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms CMAQ, TC

PROGRA Facility:	M (CRDR) Various					RT REPLACEMEN RS (Annual Projec	IT/REHABILITATIC ct)	DN & DRAINAG	6E	Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$7,300,000 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	Fundin	gPrograms	
CON	\$1,437,500	\$1,430,000	\$1,683,300	\$1,300,000	\$5,850,800	\$5,850,800			NHP, S	TBG-FLEX, TC	
ROW	\$27,500	\$51,700	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$129,200	\$129,200			NHP, S	TBG-FLEX, TC	
PE	\$700,000	\$400,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$1,300,000	\$1,300,000			NHP, S	TBG-FLEX, TC	
OTHER	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$20,000	\$20,000			NHP, S	TBG-FLEX, TC	
	¢2.470.000										
	\$2,170,000	\$1,886,700	\$1,813,300	\$1,430,000	\$7,300,000	\$7,300,000					
Regionally S			\$1,813,300	\$1,430,000 ALL	\$7,300,000 RPCS: Statewide	\$7,300,000					
	Significant: N	Clear	Air Act Code:		RPCS: Statewide SCOPE: IN HO	USE ADMINISTRA RAM: "DBE COM	ATION OF THE FH			Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$260,000 A0
Regionally S PROGRA Facility: Phase	Significant: N M (DBE)	Clear	Air Act Code:		RPCS: Statewide SCOPE: IN HO	USE ADMINISTRA RAM: "DBE COM					\$260,000 A0
PROGRA	Significant: N M (DBE) Disadvantage	Clear	erprise		RPCS: Statewide SCOPE: IN HOU PROGE Progra	USE ADMINISTRA RAM: "DBE COMI im)	PLIANCE MONITC	ORING (Annual		Most Recent Revision:	

	/I (ENV-POST STATEWIDE	-CON)			SCOPE: Enviro obligat		ments for post-cc	onstruction	Most R	Total Cost ecent Revision:	\$400,000 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms	s	
OTHER	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$400,000	\$400,000			STBG-FLEX, TC		
	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$400,000	\$400,000					
Regionally Sig	gnificant: N	Clean	Air Act Code:	ALL	RPCS: Statewide						
PROGRAN Facility:						ving transportation within NH {FLAP]	on facilities that a	access Federal	Most R	Total Cost ecent Revision:	\$1,050,000 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms	s	
CON		\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$825,000	\$825,000			FH		
PE		\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$150,000	\$150,000			FH		
		\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$75,000	\$75,000			FH		
ROW		1 - /									

	<b>M (FTA5310)</b> Various					al, Mobility Mgn duals w/ Disabil		ng for Seniors & Program	Total Cost \$11,020,195 Most Recent Revision: A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms
OTHER	\$2,977,600	\$3,025,346	\$2,483,787	\$2,533,462	\$11,020,195	\$8,816,156		\$2,204,039	FTA5310, OTHER, STBG-FLEX
	\$2,977,600	\$3,025,346	\$2,483,787	\$2,533,462	\$11,020,195	\$8,816,156		\$2,204,039	
Regionally Si	ignificant: N	Clear	h Air Act Code:	E-30	RPCS: Statewide				
PROGRAN Facility:	<b>M (FTA5339)</b> Various					al bus and bus fa wide public tran		39 Program for	Total Cost \$24,829,011 Most Recent Revision: A0
	. ,	2022	2023	2024				39 Program for OTHER	
Facility:	Various		2023 \$5,573,136	2024 \$5,684,599	statev	vide public tran	sportation.		Most Recent Revision: A0

	OGRAM (GRR) cility: Various					RDRAIL REPLACEM ovement Program		40,000 A0		
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms	
PE	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$600,000	\$600,000			NHP, STBG-FLEX, TC	
ROW	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$20,000	\$20,000			NHP, STBG-FLEX, TC	
CON	\$1,880,000	\$1,880,000	\$1,880,000	\$1,880,000	\$7,520,000	\$7,520,000			NHP, STBG-FLEX, TC	
	\$2,035,000	\$2,035,000	\$2,035,000	\$2,035,000	\$8,140,000	\$8,140,000				
Regionally S PROGRA	ignificant: N M (HSIP)	Clear	Air Act Code:	E-9	RPCS: Statewide SCOPE: HIGH	WAY SAFETY IMPF	ROVEMENT PROC	GRAM (HSIP)	Total Cost \$37,7 Most Recent Revision:	-
PROGRAI Facility:	M (HSIP)	Clear	Air Act Code:	E-9		WAY SAFETY IMPF	ROVEMENT PROC	GRAM (HSIP)		58,475 A0
PROGRA	M (HSIP)	Clear	Air Act Code:	E-9 2024		WAY SAFETY IMPF FEDERAL	ROVEMENT PROC	GRAM (HSIP) OTHER		
PROGRAI Facility: Phase	M (HSIP) Various				SCOPE: HIGH				Most Recent Revision:	
PROGRAI Facility: Phase ROW	M (HSIP) Various 2021	2022	2023	2024	SCOPE: HIGH	FEDERAL			Most Recent Revision: FundingPrograms	
PROGRAI Facility: Phase ROW CON	M (HSIP) Various 2021 \$230,000	2022 \$150,000	2023 \$150,000	<u>2024</u> \$150,000	SCOPE: HIGH Total \$680,000	FEDERAL \$680,000			Most Recent Revision: FundingPrograms HSIP, TC	
PROGRAI Facility:	M (HSIP) Various 2021 \$230,000 \$6,471,232	2022 \$150,000 \$7,859,081	2023 \$150,000 \$9,059,081	2024 \$150,000 \$9,059,081	SCOPE: HIGH Total \$680,000 \$32,448,475	FEDERAL \$680,000 \$32,448,475			Most Recent Revision: FundingPrograms HSIP, TC HSIP, TC	

PROGRAI Facility:	VI (LTAP) Local Technol	ogy Assistance	Program			<b>SCOPE:</b> Local Technology Assistance Program (LTAP) administered by the Technology Transfer Center @ UNH					\$600,000 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPro	ograms	
SPR	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$600,000	\$600,000			LTAP		
	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$600,000	\$600,000					
Regionally S	ignificant: N	Clear	Air Act Code:	E-35	RPCS: Statewide						
	<b>V (MOBRR)</b> Various					ICIPAL OWNED BE ACEMENT PROJEC			N	Total Cost Nost Recent Revision:	\$18,500,000 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPro	ograms	
PE	\$200,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$500,000	\$400,000		\$100,000	OTHER, ST	BG-FLEX	
ROW	\$25,000	\$55,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$130,000	\$104,000		\$26,000	OTHER, ST	BG-FLEX	
CON	\$4,400,000	\$4,470,000	\$4,500,000	\$4,500,000	\$17,870,000	\$14,296,000		\$3,574,000	OTHER, ST	BG-FLEX	
	\$4,625,000	\$4,625,000	\$4,625,000	\$4,625,000	\$18,500,000	\$14,800,000		\$3,700,000			
Regionally S	ignificant: N	Clear	Air Act Code:	ALL	RPCS: Statewide						

PROGRAI Facility:	M (OJT/SS) OJT/SS					-	minority and wom		Total Cost \$120,000 Most Recent Revision: A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms
OTHER	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$120,000	\$120,000			TRAINING
	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$120,000	\$120,000			
Regionally Si	ignificant: N	Clear	n Air Act Code:	E-35	RPCS: Statewide				
	M (PAVE-T1- Tier 1 Highwa	-			SCOPE: Resur	face Tier 1 Highwa	ays		Total Cost \$50,200,000 Most Recent Revision: A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTUED	
FIIdSe	2021	2022	2023	2024	TULAI	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms
CON	\$12,250,000	\$12,250,000	\$12,250,000	\$12,250,000	\$49,000,000	\$49,000,000	STATE	OTHER	NHP, STBG-FLEX, TC
							STATE	UTHER	

PROGRAM	M (PAVE-T2-	REHAB)			SCOPE: Reha	b of Tier 2 roads	5.			Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$10,310,00 A0
Facility:	Tier 2 Highway	γs									AU
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	Fundin	ngPrograms	
PE	\$200,000	\$50,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$500,000	\$500,000			NHP, S	STBG-FLEX, TC	
ROW	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$120,000	\$120,000			NHP, S	STBG-FLEX, TC	
CON	\$2,345,000	\$6,509,000		\$836,000	\$9,690,000	\$9,690,000			STBG-F	FLEX, TC, NHP	
Regionally Si PROGRAI	\$2,575,000 ignificant: N M (PAVE-T2-		\$155,000 n Air Act Code:	\$991,000 E-10	\$10,310,000 RPCS: Statewide SCOPE: Resul	\$10,310,000	adways			Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	
PROGRAM Facility:	ignificant: N M (PAVE-T2-I Tier 2 Highwa	Clear RESURF) ys	n Air Act Code:	E-10	RPCS: Statewide SCOPE: Resu	facing Tier 2 Ro				Most Recent Revision:	\$74,020,00 A0
ROGRA	ignificant: N M (PAVE-T2-	Clear RESURF)			RPCS: Statewide		adways STATE	OTHER	Fundin		
PROGRAN Facility: Phase	ignificant: N M (PAVE-T2-I Tier 2 Highwa	Clear RESURF) ys	n Air Act Code:	E-10	RPCS: Statewide SCOPE: Resu	facing Tier 2 Ro		OTHER		Most Recent Revision:	
PROGRAN Facility: Phase PE	ignificant: N M (PAVE-T2-I Tier 2 Highwa 2021	Clear RESURF) ys 2022	n Air Act Code: 2023	E-10 2024	RPCS: Statewide SCOPE: Resur	facing Tier 2 Ro FEDERAL		OTHER	NHP, S	Most Recent Revision:	
PROGRAM Facility:	ignificant: N M (PAVE-T2-I Tier 2 Highwar 2021 \$800,000	Clear RESURF) ys 2022 \$800,000	n Air Act Code: 2023 \$300,000	E-10 2024 \$300,000	RPCS: Statewide SCOPE: Resur	facing Tier 2 Ro FEDERAL \$2,200,000		OTHER	NHP, S NHP, S	Most Recent Revision: ngPrograms STBG-FLEX, TC	\$74,020,00 A0

PROGRA Facility:	M (PVMRK) Various				SCOPE: Statev	vide Pavement M	larking Annual	Project	Total Cost \$12,400,000 Most Recent Revision: A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms
CON	\$3,095,000	\$3,095,000	\$3,095,000	\$3,095,000	\$12,380,000	\$12,380,000			NHP, STBG-FLEX, TC
PE	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$20,000	\$20,000			NHP, STBG-FLEX, TC
	\$3,100,000	\$3,100,000	\$3,100,000	\$3,100,000	\$12,400,000	\$12,400,000			
	ignificant: N M (RCTRL) Various	Clear	n Air Act Code:		RPCS: Statewide SCOPE: RECRE ANNU	ATIONAL TRAILS	FUND ACT- PR	OJECTS SELECTED	Total Cost \$6,250,000 Most Recent Revision: A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms
Phase OTHER	2021 \$1,562,500	2022 \$1,562,500	2023 \$1,562,500	2024 \$1,562,500	Total \$6,250,000	FEDERAL \$5,000,000	STATE	OTHER \$1,250,000	FundingPrograms DNCR, RECTRAILS

PROGRA	M (RRRCS)						CROSSINGS, SIGN/	ALS, & RELATE	:D	11,540
Facility:	Statewide Rai	Iroad Crossing	s		WORI	< (Annual Project	)		Most Recent Revision:	40
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms	
CON	\$1,548,385	\$925,000	\$925,000	\$925,000	\$4,323,385	\$4,323,385			RL, TC	
ROW	\$5,000	\$5,000		\$5,000	\$15,000	\$15,000			RL, TC	
PE	\$303,155	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$1,053,155	\$1,053,155			RL, TC	
OTHER	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$20,000	\$20,000			RL, TC	
	\$1,861,540	\$1,185,000	\$1,180,000	\$1,185,000	\$5,411,540	\$5,411,540				
Regionally S	Significant: N	Clear	Air Act Code:	E-1	RPCS: Statewide					
PROGRA	M (SRTS)				SCOPE: SAFE	ROUTES TO SCHO	OL PROGRAM			25,000
	Various								Most Recent Revision:	40
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms	
Phase OTHER	2021 \$25,000	2022	2023	2024	Total \$25,000	FEDERAL \$25,000	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms SRTS	

PROGRAI Facility:					SCOPE: STIC In	ncentives		Total Cost \$500,000 Most Recent Revision: A0	
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms
OTHER	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$500,000	\$400,000	\$100,000		NHDOTOB, STIC
	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$500,000	\$400,000	\$100,000		
Regionally S	gnificant: N	Clear	Air Act Code:	E-0	RPCS: Statewide				
PROGRAI Facility:					SCOPE: TRANS	SPORTATION ALT	FERNATIVES PR	OGRAM (TAP)	Total Cost \$12,768,000 Most Recent Revision: A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms
CON	\$2,748,400	\$2,849,350	\$2,748,400	\$2,848,400	\$11,194,550	\$8,955,640		\$2,238,910	OTHER, TAP
PE	\$305,950	\$215,000	\$315,950	\$215,950	\$1,052,850	\$842,280		\$210,570	OTHER, TAP
ROW	\$137,650	\$127,650	\$127,650	\$127,650	\$520,600	\$416,480		\$104,120	OTHER, TAP
	\$3,192,000	\$3,192,000	\$3,192,000	\$3,192,000	\$12,768,000	\$10,214,400		\$2,553,600	
Regionally Si	gnificant: N	Clear	Air Act Code:	E-33	RPCS: Statewide				

PROGRA Facility:	M (TRAC) TRansportatior	n And Civil eng	ineering progr	ram	<b>SCOPE:</b> Implement and participate in AASHTO TRAC program in local high schools.					Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$88,000 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	Fundin	gPrograms	
OTHER	\$22,000	\$22,000	\$22,000	\$22,000	\$88,000	\$88,000			STBG-F	LEX, TC	
	\$22,000	\$22,000	\$22,000	\$22,000	\$88,000	\$88,000					
	Significant: N M (TRCK-WGI Various		Air Act Code:	E-0	RPCS: Statewide SCOPE: Truck v	veight safety ins	pection & mainte	enance prograr	m	Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$400,000 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	Funding	gPrograms	
OTHER	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$400,000	\$400,000			STBG-F	LEX, TC	
	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$400,000	\$400,000					
Regionally S			Air Act Code:	E-6	RPCS: Statewide						

PROGRA Facility:	M (TSMO) Transportation	ı Systems Man	agement and (	Operations		-	on Systems Mana logies, Traveler II	-	Total Cost \$1,400,000 Most Recent Revision: A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms
OTHER	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000			NHP, STBG-FLEX, TC
	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000			
Regionally	Significant: N	Clean	Air Act Code:	E-7	RPCS: Statewide				
PROGRA	M (UBI)				SCOPE: Under	water Bridge Ins	pection (Annual P	Project)	Total Cost \$220,000 Most Recent Revision: A0
PROGRA Facility:					SCOPE: Under	water Bridge Ins	pection (Annual F	Project)	
		2022	2023	2024	SCOPE: Under	water Bridge Ins	pection (Annual F STATE	Project) OTHER	. ,
Facility:	Various	2022 \$50,000	2023 \$60,000	<u>2024</u> \$60,000					Most Recent Revision: A0
Facility: Phase	Various				Total	FEDERAL			Most Recent Revision: A0 FundingPrograms

PROGRAI Facility:	<b>M (USSS)</b> Various	<b>SCOPE:</b> Project to update signing on state system								Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$2,120,000 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	Fundir	ngPrograms	
CON	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000			NHP, S	STBG-FLEX, TC	
PE	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$120,000	\$120,000			NHP, S	STBG-FLEX, TC	
		¢520.000	\$530,000	\$530,000	\$2,120,000	\$2,120,000					
Regionally S	\$530,000 ignificant: N	\$530,000 Clean	Air Act Code:		RPCS: Statewide						
					SCOPE: Evalua	ate 61+ traffic cor pp&implement si	ntrol signals and ignal timings to im	prove traffic	flow	Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$334,620 A0
	ignificant: N DE (41756)				SCOPE: Evalua		-	prove traffic			
STATEWI Facility:	ignificant: N DE (41756) Various	Clean	Air Act Code:	E-44	SCOPE: Evalua develo	p&implement si	ignal timings to im			Most Recent Revision:	

	DE (42878) Various					rades to 10 locat ing yellow arrow		that may include gnal timing.	Total Cost Most Recent Revision:	\$565,400 A0
Phase	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	FEDERAL	STATE	OTHER	FundingPrograms	
PE		\$67,848			\$67,848	\$67,848			CMAQ, TC	
CON		\$497,552			\$497,552	\$497,552			CMAQ, TC	
		\$565,400			\$565,400	\$565,400				
Regionally S	ignificant: N	Clea	n Air Act Code:	E-52	RPCS: Statewide					
	\$95,878,943	\$78,089,853	\$82,170,804	\$88,549,642	\$344,689,241	\$303,675,800	\$28,822,901	\$12,190,540		

# Appendix A: NHDOT Fiscal Constraint Documentation

*Fiscal Constraint tables for the 2021-2024 State Transportation Improvement Program* 

# FFY 2021 - STIP Update Financial Constraint

		Federal		State	Local/Other	Total	Total	A	ddition Federal	Federal
Funding Sources	Ap	oportionments	F	Resources	Resources	Resources	Programmed	Re	esources Used	Carry Over
r unung sources		(A)		(B)	(C)	(A+B+C)				
FHWA (Federal-Aid Formula) <sup>(1)</sup>		Available		Avaialable	Available	Available	Needed (2)		Used	Sources
Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$	10,808,150	\$	-	\$ 2,223,664	\$ 13,031,814	\$ 14,164,602	\$	1,132,788	Available Carry Over
Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP)	\$	9,585,537	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 9,585,537	\$ 9,231,232	\$	-	
National Highway Performance & Freight	\$	101,975,762	\$	-	\$ 98,000	\$ 102,073,762	\$ 101,668,097	\$	-	
Recreational Trails	\$	1,255,265	\$	-	\$ 312,500	\$ 1,567,765	\$ 1,562,500	\$	-	
Redistribution Auth FAST	\$	227,914	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 227,914	\$ -	\$	-	
RL - Rail Highway	\$	1,225,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,225,000	\$ 1,861,540	\$	636,540	Available Carry Over
STBG-5 to 200K	\$	8,464,164	\$	-	\$ 1,095,720	\$ 9,559,884	\$ 13,001,195	\$	3,441,311	Committed STBG-State Flexibilty
STBG-Areas Over 200K	\$	5,922,002	\$	-	\$ 30,265	\$ 5,952,267	\$ 5,126,777	\$	-	
STBG-Non Urban Areas Under 5K	\$	10,591,850	\$	-	\$ 290,991	\$ 10,882,841	\$ 25,829,739	\$	14,946,898	Committed STBG-State Flexibilty
STBG-Off System Bridge	\$	3,672,842	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,672,842	\$ 2,414,150	\$	-	
STBG-State Flexible	\$	16,776,396	\$	-	\$ 1,508,116	\$ 18,284,512	\$ 41,178,515	\$	22,894,003	Transferred CMAQ + Pledged Build Grant
TAP - Transportation Alternatives	\$	2,693,395	\$	-	\$ 638,400	\$ 3,331,795	\$ 3,217,000	\$	-	
Statewide Planning & Research (SPR Part 1 & 2)	\$	5,253,557	\$	-	\$ 390,000	\$ 5,643,557	\$ 5,432,288	\$	-	
TOTAL	\$	178,451,834	\$	-	\$ 6,587,655	\$ 185,039,489	\$ 224,687,635	\$	43,051,540	

**Total Resources** 

Total Programmed

\$

Ś

228,091,030 224,687,635

				Sur	plus/(Deficit)	\$ 3,403,395
FHWA (Non- Formula Funds/Other)						
DBE	\$ 65,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	65,000	\$ 65,000
FHWA Earmarks	\$ 169,480	\$ -	\$ 40,000	\$	209,480	\$ 209,480
Highway Infr. Exempt	\$ 48,649,565	\$ -	\$ 219,470	\$	48,869,035	\$ 48,869,035
Local Tech Assistance Program	\$ 150,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	150,000	\$ 150,000
NHPP Exempt	\$ 2,500,018	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,500,018	\$ 2,500,018
NSTI National Summer Transportation Institute	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	50,000	\$ 50,000
SPR EXEMPT (FTA to FHWA Transfer)	\$ 457,912	\$ -	\$ -	\$	457,912	\$ 457,912
STIC Funding	\$ 100,000	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$	125,000	\$ 125,000
Training (OJT)	\$ 30,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	30,000	\$ 30,000
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 52,171,975	\$ 25,000	\$ 259,470	\$	52,456,445	\$ 52,456,445

Federal Transit Administration (3)					
FTA5307	\$ 14,198,313	\$ -	\$ 3,429,594	\$ 17,627,908	\$ 17,627,908
FTA5310	\$ 2,422,422	\$ -	\$ 448,650	\$ 2,871,072	\$ 2,243,248
FTA5311	\$ 4,603,555	\$ -	\$ 4,468,550	\$ 9,072,105	\$ 8,937,099
FTA5339	\$ 5,510,034	\$ 10,974	\$ 1,357,389	\$ 6,878,397	\$ 6,878,397
FTA-Other	\$ 383,937	\$ -	\$ 95,984	\$ 479,921	\$ 479,921
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 27,118,261	\$ 10,974	\$ 9,800,166	\$ 36,929,402	\$ 36,166,573

INNOVATIVE & TURNPIKE FINANCING	4)					
BETTERMENT	\$	-	\$ 6,041,466	\$ -	\$ 6,041,466	\$ 6,041,466
GARVEE	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 13,295,124	\$ 13,295,124	\$ 13,295,124
RZED	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,409,496	\$ 1,409,496	\$ 1,409,496
SB367-4 Cents	\$	-	\$ 10,663,107	\$ -	\$ 10,663,107	\$ 10,663,107
Turnpike Capital	\$	-	\$ 42,063,210	\$ -	\$ 42,063,210	\$ 42,063,210
Turnpike R&R	\$	-	\$ 11,322,143	\$ -	\$ 11,322,143	\$ 11,322,143
GRAND TOTAL	\$	-	\$ 70,089,926	\$ 14,704,620	\$ 84,794,546	\$ 84,794,546

(1) Federal Apportionment for 2021-2024 is based on 11/9/2020 Status of Funds.

(2) Additional Federal Resources used to constrain funding categories will be identified in the first STIP Amendment of each fiscal year.

(3) Federal Transit Administration Apportionment funds include current apportionment and prior grant funds.

# FFY 2022 - STIP Update Financial Constraint

Funding Sources	A	Federal pportionments (A)	State Resources (B)	Local/Other Resources (C)		Total Resources (A+B+C)			Total Programmed
FHWA (Federal-Aid Formula) <sup>(1)</sup>		Available	Available		Available		Available		Needed (2)
Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$	10,808,150	\$ -	\$	1,378,797	\$	12,186,947	\$	12,339,920
Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP)	\$	9,585,537	\$ -	\$	-	\$	9,585,537	\$	9,049,081
National Highway Performance & Freight	\$	101,975,762	\$ -	\$	80,300	\$	102,056,062	\$	61,661,343
Recreational Trails	\$	1,255,265	\$ -	\$	312,500	\$	1,567,765	\$	1,562,500
Redistribution Auth FAST	\$	227,914	\$ -	\$	-	\$	227,914	\$	-
RL - Rail Highway	\$	1,225,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,225,000	\$	1,185,000
STBG-5 to 200K	\$	8,464,164	\$ -	\$	92,213	\$	8,556,377	\$	12,083,245
STBG-Areas Over 200K	\$	5,922,002	\$ -	\$	102,800	\$	6,024,802	\$	7,576,102
STBG-Non Urban Areas Under 5K	\$	10,591,850	\$ -	\$	19,121	\$	10,610,971	\$	16,448,619
STBG-Off System Bridge	\$	3,672,842	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,672,842	\$	825,000
STBG-State Flexible	\$	16,776,396	\$ -	\$	1,637,646	\$	18,414,042	\$	51,548,632
TAP - Transportation Alternatives	\$	2,693,395	\$ -	\$	638,400	\$	3,331,795	\$	3,192,000
Statewide Planning & Research (SPR Part 1 & 2)	\$	5,253,557	\$ -	\$	390,000	\$	5,643,557	\$	5,432,288
TOTAL	\$	178,451,834	\$ -	\$	4,651,776	\$	183,103,610	\$	182,903,731

Total Resources	\$ 183,103,610
Total Programmed	\$ 182,903,731
Surplus/(Deficit)	\$ 199,879

FHWA (Non- Formula Funds/Other)					
DBE	\$ 65,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 65,000	\$ 65,000
FHWA Earmarks	\$ 2,973,971	\$ -	\$ 743,492	\$ 3,717,463	\$ 3,717,463
Forest Highways	\$ 350,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 350,000	\$ 350,000
Highway Infr. Exempt	\$ 9,232,135	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,232,135	\$ 9,232,135
Local Tech Assistance Program	\$ 150,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000
NHPP Exempt	\$ 2,500,018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,500,018	\$ 2,500,018
NSTI National Summer Transportation Institute	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000
SPR EXEMPT (FTA to FHWA Transfer)	\$ 457,912	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 457,912	\$ 457,912
STIC Funding	\$ 100,000	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ 125,000	\$ 125,000
Training (OJT)	\$ 30,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 15,909,036	\$ 25,000	\$ 743,492	\$ 16,677,528	\$ 16,677,528

Federal Transit Administration <sup>(3)</sup>					
FTA5307	\$ 11,975,836	\$ -	\$ 3,515,378	\$ 15,491,214	\$ 15,491,214
FTA5310	\$ 2,443,870	\$ -	\$ 457,761	\$ 2,901,631	\$ 2,288,806
FTA5311	\$ 4,695,626	\$ -	\$ 4,557,920	\$ 9,253,546	\$ 9,115,841
FTA5339	\$ 5,598,229	\$ 11,194	\$ 1,379,035	\$ 6,988,458	\$ 6,988,458
FTA-Other	\$ 98,602	\$ -	\$ 24,650	\$ 123,252	\$ 123,252
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 24,812,163	\$ 11,194	\$ 9,934,744	\$ 34,758,101	\$ 34,007,571

INNOVATIVE & TURNPIKE FINANCING					
BETTERMENT	\$ -	\$ 6,000,000	\$ -	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 6,000,000
GARVEE	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,195,781	\$ 17,195,781	\$ 17,195,781
RZED	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,193,723	\$ 1,193,723	\$ 1,193,723
SB367-4 Cents	\$ -	\$ 3,173,456	\$ -	\$ 3,173,456	\$ 3,173,456
Turnpike Capital	\$ -	\$ 19,409,337	\$ -	\$ 19,409,337	\$ 19,409,337
Turnpike R&R	\$ -	\$ 6,356,408	\$ -	\$ 6,356,408	\$ 6,356,408
GRAND TOTAL	\$ -	\$ 28,582,793	\$ 18,389,504	\$ 53,328,705	\$ 53,328,705

(1) Federal Apportionment for 2021-2024 is based on 11/9/2020 Status of Funds.

(2) Additional Federal Resources used to constrain funding categories will be identified in the first STIP Amendment of each fiscal year.

(3) Federal Transit Administration Apportionment funds include current apportionment and prior grant funds.

# FFY 2023 - STIP Update Financial Constraint

Funding Sources	A	Federal pportionments (A)	State Resources (B)		Local/Other Resources (C)		Total Resources (A+B+C)	F	Total Programmed
FHWA (Federal-Aid Formula) <sup>(1)</sup>		Available	Avaialable		Available		Available		Needed (2)
Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$	10,808,150	\$ -	0,	\$ 1,110,257	\$	11,918,407	\$	8,451,283
Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP)	\$	9,585,537	\$ -	Ş	\$-	\$	9,585,537	\$	9,909,081
National Highway Performance & Freight	\$	101,975,762	\$ -	ç	\$-	\$	101,975,762	\$	76,084,307
Recreational Trails	\$	1,255,265	\$ -	Ş	\$ 312,500	\$	1,567,765	\$	1,562,500
Redistribution Auth FAST	\$	227,914	\$ -	Ş	\$-	\$	227,914	\$	-
RL - Rail Highway	\$	1,225,000	\$ -	\$	\$-	\$	1,225,000	\$	1,180,000
STBG-5 to 200K	\$	8,464,164	\$ -	Ş	\$ 82,523	\$	8,546,687	\$	4,471,034
STBG-Areas Over 200K	\$	5,922,002	\$ -	Ş	\$ 721,354	\$	6,643,356	\$	6,999,541
STBG-Non Urban Areas Under 5K	\$	10,591,850	\$ -	Ş	\$ 12,893	\$	10,604,743	\$	19,620,428
STBG-Off System Bridge	\$	3,672,842	\$ -	Ş	\$-	\$	3,672,842	\$	1,659,398
STBG-State Flexible	\$	16,776,396	\$ -	Ş	\$ 1,190,371	\$	17,966,767	\$	42,836,750
TAP - Transportation Alternatives	\$	2,693,395	\$ -	Ş	\$ 638,400	\$	3,331,795	\$	3,192,000
Statewide Planning & Research (SPR Part 1 & 2)	\$	5,253,557	\$ -	ç	\$ 390,000	\$	5,643,557	\$	5,432,288
TOTAL	\$	178,451,834	\$ -		\$ 4,458,297	\$	182,910,131	\$	181,398,610

Total Resources	\$ 182,910,131
Total Programmed	\$ 181,398,610
Surplus/(Deficit)	\$ 1,511,521

FHWA (Non- Formula Funds/Other)					
DBE	\$ 65,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 65,000	\$ 65,000
FHWA Earmarks	\$ 1,489,010	\$ -	\$ 372,252	\$ 1,861,262	\$ 1,861,262
Forest Highways	\$ 350,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 350,000	\$ 350,000
Local Tech AssistanceProgram	\$ 150,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000
NHPP Exempt	\$ 2,500,018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,500,018	\$ 2,500,018
NSTI National Summer Transportation Institute	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000
SPR EXEMPT (FTA to FHWA Transfer)	\$ 457,912	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 457,912	\$ 457,912
STIC Funding	\$ 100,000	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ 125,000	\$ 125,000
Training (OJT)	\$ 30,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 5,191,940	\$ 25,000	\$ 372,252	\$ 5,589,192	\$ 5,589,192

Federal Transit Administration (3)					
FTA5307	\$ 9,646,377	\$ -	\$ 3,545,505	\$ 13,191,882	\$ 13,191,882
FTA5310	\$ 2,465,748	\$ -	\$ 350,503	\$ 2,816,251	\$ 1,752,517
FTA5311	\$ 4,789,539	\$ -	\$ 4,649,079	\$ 9,438,618	\$ 9,298,158
FTA5339	\$ 4,587,910	\$ 11,418	\$ 1,126,045	\$ 5,725,373	\$ 5,725,373
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 21,489,574	\$ 11,418	\$ 9,671,132	\$ 31,172,124	\$ 29,967,930

INNOVATIVE & TURNPIKE FINANCING					
BETTERMENT	\$ -	\$ 6,000,000	\$ -	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 6,000,000
GARVEE	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 568,177	\$ 568,177	\$ 568,177
RZED	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 931,834	\$ 931,834	\$ 931,834
SB367-4 Cents	\$ -	\$ 4,150,503	\$ -	\$ 4,150,503	\$ 4,150,503
Turnpike Capital	\$ -	\$ 50,665,131	\$ -	\$ 50,665,131	\$ 50,665,131
Turnpike R&R	\$ -	\$ 3,851,223	\$ -	\$ 3,851,223	\$ 3,851,223
GRAND TOTAL	\$ -	\$ 60,815,634	\$ 1,500,010	\$ 66,166,867	\$ 66,166,867

(1) Federal Apportionment for 2021-2024 is based on 11/9/2020 Status of Funds.

(2) Additional Federal Resources used to constrain funding categories will be identified in the first STIP Amendment of each fiscal year.

(3) Federal Transit Administration Apportionment funds include current apportionment and prior grant funds.

# FFY 2024 - STIP Update Financial Constraint

		Federal		State		Local/Other		Total		Total
Funding Sources	Ap	Apportionments		Resources		Resources		Resources	F	Programmed
r unung sources		(A)		(B)		(C)		(A+B+C)		
FHWA (Federal-Aid Formula) <sup>(1)</sup>		Available		Avaialable	T	Available		Available		Needed (2)
Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program	\$	10,808,150	\$	-		\$ 717,137	\$	11,525,287	\$	5,413,435
Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP)	\$	9,585,537	\$	-		\$-	\$	9,585,537	\$	10,249,081
National Highway Performance & Freight	\$	101,975,762	\$	-		\$ 42,430	\$	102,018,192	\$	84,541,019
Recreational Trails	\$	1,255,265	\$	-		\$ 312,500	\$	1,567,765	\$	1,562,500
Redistribution Auth FAST	\$	227,914	\$	-		\$-	\$	227,914	\$	-
RL - Rail Highway	\$	1,225,000	\$	-		\$-	\$	1,225,000	\$	1,185,000
STBG-5 to 200K	\$	8,464,164	\$	-		\$-	\$	8,464,164	\$	10,194,271
STBG-Areas Over 200K	\$	5,922,002	\$	-		\$-	\$	5,922,002	\$	726,539
STBG-Non Urban Areas Under 5K	\$	10,591,850	\$	-		\$ 2,173	\$	10,594,023	\$	17,905,999
STBG-Off System Bridge	\$	3,672,842	\$	-		\$-	\$	3,672,842	\$	995,200
STBG-State Flexible	\$	16,776,396	\$	-		\$ 1,125,000	\$	17,901,396	\$	39,337,747
TAP - Transportation Alternatives	\$	2,693,395	\$	-		\$ 638,400	\$	3,331,795	\$	3,192,000
Statewide Planning & Research (SPR Part 1 & 2)	\$	5,253,557	\$	-		\$ 390,000	\$	5,643,557	\$	5,432,288
TOTAL	\$	178,451,834	\$	-		\$ 3,227,640	\$	181,679,474	\$	180,735,079

Total Resources	\$ 181,679,474
Total Programmed	\$ 180,735,079
Surplus/(Deficit)	\$ 944,395

FHWA (Non- Formula Funds/Other)					
DBE	\$ 65,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 65,000	\$ 65,000
Forest Highways	\$ 350,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 350,000	\$ 350,000
Local Tech Assistance Program	\$ 150,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000
NHPP Exempt	\$ 2,500,018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,500,018	\$ 2,500,018
NSTI National Summer Transportation Institute	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000
SPR EXEMPT (FTA to FHWA Transfer)	\$ 457,912	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 457,912	\$ 457,912
STIC Funding	\$ 100,000	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ 125,000	\$ 125,000
Training (OJT)	\$ 30,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 3,702,930	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ 3,727,930	\$ 3,727,930

Federal Transit Administration (3)					
FTA5307	\$ 9,837,803	\$ -	\$ 3,615,642	\$ 13,453,445	\$ 13,453,445
FTA5310	\$ 2,465,748	\$ -	\$ 361,513	\$ 2,827,261	\$ 1,807,566
FTA5311	\$ 4,885,329	\$ -	\$ 4,742,060	\$ 9,627,389	\$ 9,484,121
FTA5339	\$ 4,679,669	\$ 11,646	\$ 1,148,566	\$ 5,839,881	\$ 5,839,881
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 21,868,549	\$ 11,646	\$ 9,867,781	\$ 31,747,976	\$ 30,585,013

INNOVATIVE & TURNPIKE FINANCING					
BETTERMENT	\$ -	\$ 6,000,000	\$ -	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 6,000,000
GARVEE	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,059,082	\$ 31,059,082	\$ 31,059,082
RZED	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 691,720	\$ 691,720	\$ 691,720
SB367-4 Cents	\$ -	\$ 2,197,986	\$ -	\$ 2,197,986	\$ 2,197,986
Turnpike Capital	\$ -	\$ 92,210,526	\$ -	\$ 92,210,526	\$ 92,210,526
Turnpike R&R	\$ -	\$ 651,824	\$ -	\$ 651,824	\$ 651,824
GRAND TOTAL	\$ -	\$ 100,408,512	\$ 31,750,802	\$ 132,811,138	\$ 132,811,138

(1) Federal Apportionment for 2021-2024 is based on 11/9/2020 Status of Funds.

(2) Additional Federal Resources used to constrain funding categories will be identified in the first STIP Amendment of each fiscal year.

(3) Federal Transit Administration Apportionment funds include current apportionment and prior grant funds.

# **Appendix B: Federal Performance Report**

Assessment of the 2021-2024 TIP Investment in Addressing Federally-Mandated Performance Measures

# Introduction

In 2012, the adoption of the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21) established new federal requirements for performance management to ensure the most effective use of federal transportation funds. This was continued with the adoption of the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (FAST) in 2015 and MPOs and State Departments of Transportation began receiving detailed guidance, metrics, and rules relating to Transportation Performance Management (TPM) in the following areas:

- Safety
- Infrastructure Condition
- System Reliability
- Freight Movement & Economic Vitality
- Congestion Reduction
- Environmental Sustainability (repealed)

The MPO has established targets in the areas of Safety, Infrastructure Condition, System Reliability and Freight Movement & Economic Vitality as required by the US Department of Transportation. The MPO is not in an area that is required to implement the Congestion Reduction measures and the Greenhouse Gas measure (Environmental Sustainability) was repealed by FHWA in 2017. The MPO is required to set short-range performance targets for each of the areas above and to incorporate the targets into the transportation planning process for the region

### **TIP Requirements**

There are two primary requirements for incorporating federal performance management requirements into the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP). The MPO is required to show that the TIP "makes progress towards achieving [the region's] performance targets" and that the TIP includes, "to the maximum extent practicable, a description of the anticipated effect of the TIP towards achieving performance targets" (23 CFR §450.326). In other words, the MPO must show that the project investments within the region are helping meet performance targets and then describe how much of an effect the investments are expected to have on reaching the targets. The Performance Report is organized by goal area as listed above and the supporting performance measures with each section providing:

- **Performance Measure Background**: This section includes an overview of the national goal area and each of the federally-required metrics for that goal, a summary of the target setting process and the most recent established targets.
- **TIP Investments**: Anticipated investments in the 2021-2024 TIP related to each goal area (Safety, Infrastructure Condition, etc.), overall performance benefits within the goal area from the TIP, as well as specific projects identified with the primary purpose of addressing issues related to the goal area.
- **Performance Assessment**: For each goal area, the report includes an overall assessment of the anticipated impact of the 2021-2024 TIP on achieving performance targets and a discussion of related efforts related to the specific target.

# Safety

Federal performance management regulations identify two areas of transportation safety that must be addressed: road safety from traffic collisions, and transit safety. The overall goal of the safety performance area is to make the nation's transportation systems safer for all users, including bicyclists and pedestrians. Transit Safety performance measure requirements are not in effect for the MPO as the regional transit systems are below the system size thresholds, and so this will focus solely on the roadway safety measures included in the final rule on the Highway Safety Improvement Program (HISP) that was effective on April 14, 2016.

### Goal

The primary purpose of the HSIP roadway safety measures is to achieve significant reduction in fatalities and serious injuries on all public roads.

# **Performance Measures and Targets**

Five performance measures were established in the HSIP final rule. These metrics are intended to identify trends and assess progress towards reducing traffic-related fatalities and serious injuries on public roads.

Goal Area	Road Safety
Performance	Number of Fatalities
Measures	• Rate of Fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles traveled (VMT)
	Number of serious injuries
	Rate of serious injuries per 100 million VMT
	• Number of non-motorized fatalities and non-motorized serious injuries

A 5-year rolling average is used for all measures and all public roads are included

### **Performance Targets**

States establish Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) targets and report them for the upcoming calendar year in the HSIP annual report that is submitted to FHWA by August 31<sup>st</sup> each year. Targets are applicable to all public roads, regardless of functional classification or ownership. The targets established for number and rate of fatalities, and number of serious injuries must be identical to those established for the National Highway Transportation Safety Agency (NHTSA) Highway Safety Grant program in the annual Highway Safety Plan. MPOs have the option of supporting State targets or setting regional-specific targets for each of the five measures.

In New Hampshire, the process used to develop the required safety measures included in the annual Highway Safety Plan formed the basis for the establishment of the five FHWA mandated targets by NHDOT and the MPOs. This involved coordination and consultation between the New Hampshire Departments of Transportation and Safety, as well the four MPOs in the state. Currently available fatality, serious injury, and volume data were analyzed to establish 2009-2019 conditions in terms of total fatalities, fatality rates, total serious injuries, serious injury rates, as well as total non-motorized fatalities and serious injuries. Five year rolling averages were developed from these values and utilized to compute projected values for

2021. In August, 2020 NHDOT adopted statewide targets for each of the five measures. The MPO chose to support the State's safety targets through ongoing planning and project programming in February, 2021. At the same time, the MPO established a separate performance target relating to motorcycle fatalities that is not required by FHWA.

The 2021 Statewide Targets and trend information are included in the table below for each of the five required metrics and for motorcycle fatalities.

	2019 \	/alues		2021 Ta	argets	
Measure	Yearly	5-Year Average	Trend Based Target	Current Trend	Desired Trend	2021 Target
Number of Fatalities	101	120	116.4		Ο	120
Fatality Rate per 100 Million VMT	0.729	0.884	0.881	0	0	0.884
Number of Serious Injuries	485	456.4	419.6	0	Ο	456.4
Serious Injury Rate per 100 Million VMT	3.5	3.363	2.997	0		3.353
Non-Motorized Fatalities and Serious Injuries total	37	48.6	45.9	0	Ο	45.9
Motorcycle fatalities (MPO Only)	1	2.6	2.56	۵	۵	1.0

# State of NH 2021 HSIP Targets

# 2021 TIP Investment

The 2021 TIP includes just over \$25 million in funding for fifteen projects that have the primary purpose of improving safety which is about 11.6% of the \$236.8 million in funding that is programmed for the region over the upcoming four years. In addition, the Highway Safety Improvement Program includes approximately \$39.4 million in a statewide funding pool for projects that directly work to reduce fatality and serious injury crashes, some of which will be spent in the region. While the number of projects with

the primary goal of addressing safety is small (9 of 39 listings), there are another 17 projects occurring in the region where safety is also a benefit. These projects

Project Focus	# of Projects	% of Projects	Total Funding	% of Funding
2021 TIP Totals	45		\$ 236,805,563	
Primarily Safety	15	23%	\$25,181,849	11.6%
Other w/ Safety Benefits	6	44%	\$50,176,305	23.2%
Total Safety Benefits	21	67%	\$75,358,154	34.8%

are generally intended to address poor infrastructure conditions, or improve capacity and reduce travel times, however they will also help to reduce crashes and improve overall safety through modernized design, traffic control systems, and other changes.

Project #	Project Name	Scope	Total Funds Programmed
40436	Exeter	Widen shoulders to 5' on Kingston Road (NH Route 111) for approximately 1.1 miles. (14-26TAP)	\$997,181
41717	Hampstead	Improve the intersection of NH121/Derry Rd/ Depot Rd.	\$174,369
26485	Hampton - Portsmouth	Acquire 9.7 miles RR Corridor Hampton-Portsmouth & improve existing corridor surface for bike/ped	\$2,311,100
41713	New Castle- Rye	Bicycle and pedestrian safety accommodations on NH 1A & 1B.	\$179,252
11238S	Newington- Dover	Remove the superstructure General Sullivan Br & provide the most cost effective bike/ped connection	\$14,388,114
29617	Newton	ewton Improvements to Rowe's Corner (Maple Ave, Amesbury Rd)	
40641	Plaistow Main Street Traffic Calming and Safety Improvements		\$331,724
41752	Portsmouth Add a multi-use path for bike/ped along Elwyn Rd extending from Rt1 to Harding Rd.		\$985,800
42350	Portsmouth	Realign Lang Road to connect to Longmeadow Road	\$1,143,489
20258	Portsmouth	Const. new sidewalk and striped bicycle shoulders and associated drainage along Peverly Hill Road.	\$1,250,729
40644	Portsmouth	Railroad crossing upgrade on Market Street	\$70,932
40642	Portsmouth	Complete Streets improvements on Maplewood Avenue from Congress Street to Vaughan Street	\$154,523
42885	Salem	Construct Rail Trail along NH 28 for approximately 1 mile.	\$1,056,784
41750	Salem	Add .3 miles to Salem Bike-Ped Corridor which runs along abandoned Manchester & Lawrence rail line.	\$750,522
41711	Stratham	Signalization, Turn Lanes and Intersection Realignment at the NH108/ Bunker Hill Intersection.	\$244,717
			\$25,181,849

### **Performance Assessment**

In the 2021-2024 TIP, \$25 million is invested in projects with a primary purpose of improving roadway safety for all users, and a total of \$75 million is invested in projects that are anticipated to reduce traffic fatalities or injuries. The projects with the primary purpose of improving safety are principally focused on addressing bicycle and pedestrian safety concerns in the region, although there are five that are focused

on general roadway safety (29617, 41717, 42350, 40644, and 41711). The projects that have a safety benefit but were not primarily intended as safety projects tend to address roadway safety more broadly in that many are located on heavily travelled corridors with substantial numbers of crashes, will occur in areas that have experienced fatal or serious injury crashes in the past, or will implement modern design improvements that will provide safety benefits. Programming 23% of the funds in the TIP intended to improve the safety of travel on roadways in the region indicates the MPO's commitment to reducing fatalities and serious injuries through planning and project programming.

# Infrastructure Condition

There are two final rules establishing performance measures for State DOT's and MPOs related to the condition of infrastructure and assets. The *Transit Asset Management (TAM)* final rule was effective on October 1, 2016 and establishes four performance measures for Transit Agencies and MPOs to track regarding asset performance. *The Pavement and Bridge Condition Performance Measures Final Rule,* effective, May 20, 2017, establishes six measures to monitor to carry out the National Highway Performance Program (NHPP). The overall goal of these performance areas is to improve the condition of existing pavements, bridges, and transit assets.

### Goal

The overall goal of these performance areas is to maintain and improve the condition of existing pavements, bridges, and transit vehicles and facilities.

# **Performance Measures and Targets**

Six measures were established in the Pavement and Bridge Condition rule and an additional four metrics were set in the Transit Asset Management rule. These metrics are intended to identify trends and assess progress towards improving the overall condition of transportation infrastructure.

Goal Area	Pavement Condition
Performance	Percent of Interstate Miles in Good Condition
Measures	Percent of Interstate Miles in Poor Condition
	Percent of Non-Interstate National Highway System Miles in Good Condition
	• Percent of Non-Interstate National Highway System Miles in Poor Condition

Goal Area	Bridge Condition
Performance Measures	• Percent of Bridges by deck area on the National Highway System in Good Condition
	• Percent of Bridges by deck area on the National Highway System in Poor Condition

Goal Area	Transit Asset Condition (State of Good Repair)				
Performance Measures	Rolling Stock: The percentage of revenue vehicles that exceed the useful life benchmark (ULB)				
Equipment: The percentage of non-revenue service vehicles that exceeded					
	• Facilities: The percentage of facilities that are rated less than 3.0 on the Transit Economic Requirements Model (TERM) Scale.				
	• Infrastructure: The percentage of track segments that have performance restrictions.				

#### **Performance Targets**

States are required to establish 2-year and 4-year targets for Pavement Condition and Bridge Condition reporting progress on a biennial basis beginning in May 2018. MPOs are required to establish 4-year targets for those same measures within 180 days of the State target setting. MPOs have the option to support the statewide targets or to establish their own for each of the pavement and bridge measures. The Transit Asset Management rule requires Transit Agencies to set targets for their assets by January 1<sup>st</sup>, 2017 for the following fiscal year, and Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs) to set regional targets 180 days after that. The targets deal with 4 broad areas of asset categories; Equipment, Rolling Stock, Infrastructure, and Facilities. The RPC region contains no relevant infrastructure as defined under 49 CFR part 625 (e.g. fixed guideway for light rail mass transit), and therefore the MPO is only required to set targets for equipment, rolling stock, and facilities.

#### **Pavement Condition**

Pavement Condition data is collected by NHDOT annually through specialized equipment mounted to a vehicle. For the first 4-year targets, pavement condition will be measured based on only the International Roughness Index (IRI), however over the next two years a transition will be made to incorporate all four required components so that the 2020 update will include "full distress and IRI" measures. The result is that the initial 4-year targets set for pavement condition may be substantially different than those set for future 2 and 4-year periods. FHWA is allowing this transition and phase-in period as many states have not historically collected the information required to make the calculations for rutting, cracking, and PSR and therefor do not have the information needed to establish baseline conditions and targets. The table below shows baseline conditions, NHDOT's 2 and 4-year targets, and the MPO 4-year targets.

#### **Bridge Condition**

Bridge Condition data is collected by NHDOT through the regular inspection of bridges and includes all structures that meet the federal definition of a bridge. Conditions are reported in square feet of deck area and are based on the condition of the deck, superstructure, and substructure, or culvert. Each of those 3 bridge components is evaluated and the lowest rating determines the overall bridge rating. Overall ratings of 7 or better indicate that the bridge is in "Good" condition, while overall ratings of 4 or less indicate that the bridge is in "Poor" condition. The table below shows baseline NHS bridge conditions, NHDOT 2 and 4-year targets, and MPO 4-year targets.

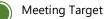
		NHDOT			Ν	ЛРО
System & Measure	Baseline Estimate <sup>1</sup>	2-Year Target	4-Year Target	Baseline Estimate <sup>1</sup>	4-Year Target	Current Status
Interstate: Good Condition	96.7%	N/A	95.0%	96.5%	95.0%	1.6% above target
Interstate: Poor Condition	0.2%	N/A	0.8%	0.2%	<b>0.8%</b>	75% above target
Non-Interstate NHS: Good	70.1%	65.0%	65.0%	75.7%	<b>65%</b>	16.5% above target
Non-Interstate NHS: Poor	9.8%	12.0%	12.0%	7.2%	12%	40% above target

# **Pavement Condition Baseline Estimates and Targets**

<sup>1</sup>NHDOT utilizes 2016 as the base year for Pavement and Bridge Condition while RPC utilizes 2017 values for baseline estimates. Both RPC and NHDOT utilize 2017 values as the baseline for Travel Time Reliability measures.



**Exceeding Target** 





Not meeting Target

# **Bridge Condition Baseline Estimates and Targets**

	NHDOT			МРО		
System & Measure	Baseline Estimate <sup>1</sup>	2-Year Target	4-Year Target	Baseline Estimate <sup>1</sup>	4-Year Target	Current Status
NHS Bridges in Good Condition	57.0%	57.0%	57.0%	37.7%	57.0	34% under target
NHS Bridges in Poor Condition	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	8.1%	7.0	15.7% under target

<sup>1</sup>NHDOT utilizes 2016 as the base year for Pavement and Bridge Condition while RPC utilizes 2017 values for baseline estimates. Both RPC and NHDOT utilize 2017 values as the baseline for Travel Time Reliability measures.



**Exceeding Target** 





Not meeting Target

### **Transit Asset Management (State of Good Repair) Baseline Estimates and Targets**

Asset				
Category*	Performance Measure	Asset Class	Baseline	Target
Rolling Stock	Age - % of revenue vehicles within a particular asset	Class 1	50%	40%
	class that have met or exceeded their Useful Life	Class 2	29%	36%
	Benchmark (ULB)	Class 3	63%	38%
		Class 4	0%	0%
		Class 5	14%	31%
		Class 6	100%	100%
Equipment	Age - % of non-revenue vehicles that have met or exceeded their Useful Life Benchmark (ULB)	All vehicles	50%	50%
Facilities	Condition - % of facilities with a condition rating	Passenger	N/A	N/A
	below 3.0 on the FTA <u>TERM Scale</u>	Administrative	0%	0%
		Maintenance	0%	0%
		Storage	N/A	N/A

\*The category for Infrastructure deals solely with fixed guideway/rail systems, which are not owned by any FTA funding recipients in NH and are therefore not shown in this table.

#### **Transit Assets**

The MPO developed Transit Asset Management targets by reviewing the asset portfolios for the three transit providers in the region; Cooperative Alliance for Regional Transit (CART), Cooperative Alliance for Seacoast Transportation (COAST), and the University of New Hampshire Wildcat Transit. Calculation of regional targets for rolling stock and equipment was based on comparison of the existing regional inventory to anticipated additions and replacements. For each asset class, the total number of vehicles was compared to the number of vehicles at or above their Useful Life Benchmark (ULB). Regional baseline and target calculations will be updated on an annual basis as part of the RPC Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) and Transportation Improvement Program (TIP).

# 2021 TIP Investment

The 2021-2024 TIP includes just over \$82.7 million in funding for 13 projects that have the primary purpose of improving the condition of the region's infrastructure which is about 38% of the \$236.8 million in funding that is programmed for the region over the upcoming four years. This funding includes money for rehabilitation or replacement of three "High Investment Bridges" in the region (The high level I-95 bridge over the Piscataqua River, the moveable Sarah Long Bridge over the Piscataqua River, and the moveable Neil Underwood Bridge over the Hampton River) as well as eight other bridge rehabilitation or replacement projects. There are also two projects in the region that will result in improved infrastructure condition but exist primarily to address safety and capacity concerns. In addition, while most of the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) funds for regional transit systems operations and capital improvements is used to operate the systems, the funding is also utilized for maintaining facilities and assets.

In addition to the individual projects within the MPO region, the TIP includes the statewide programs that are focused primarily on maintenance and preservation of the existing transportation network. Of the 34 statewide programs, 13 are focused on the maintenance, preservation, and operation of the highway and bridge system in the state. Over \$235 million is programmed over the next four years to address these needs and this is nearly 65% of the \$363 million set aside for statewide programs.

# **Performance Assessment**

The stated priority of NHDOT for the last several years has been to focus on improving the overall condition of the roads and bridges in the state and maintaining that good condition. This is seen in the generally good condition of the roadways in the region and performance targets that maintain high percentages of the system in good condition. While there are many bridges in poor condition, the funding levels included in the TIP and the State Ten Year Plan include the resources to address all of those that are

currently identified. The TIP includes nearly \$108 million in funding that will be primarily used to improve the condition of major pieces of infrastructure in the region including replacing or

			Funding	Funding
2019 TIP Totals	45		\$ 236,805,563	
Bridge/Highway Infrastructure	13	29%	\$82,703,936	38%
Other w/ Infrastructure benefit	2	4%	\$16,178,114	7.5%
Transit	5	11%	\$48,686,373	22.5%
Total	20	45%	\$131,390,309	61%

rehabilitating the two remaining moveable bridges in the region, the heavily traveled I-95 bridge between New Hampshire and Maine, and the General Sullivan Bridge which provides a critical bicycle and pedestrian link over the Great Bay. In addition, another \$235 million is included for statewide operations, maintenance, and preservation programs.

On the transit side of the system, there has been a focus on understanding the current condition of assets and establishing transit asset management plans that help to monitor when replacement vehicles and other large investments are needed. The TIP includes over \$48 million for transit operations, maintenance, and capital investment and this will allow the systems to continue to operate and replace vehicles as needed.

Project #	Project Name	Scope	Total Funds Programmed		
40623	Exeter	Bridge Replacement to address Priority Bridge carrying NH 111A over Little River (Br No 075/078)	\$856,231		
42573	Hampton	Address Red List bridge (163/184) carrying US 1 over PAR (Abd) in the Town of Hampton	\$573,316		
40797	Hampton	Improvements to Ocean Boulevard.	\$9,028,543		
16127	New Castle - Rye	Bridge replace, Single Leaf Bascule Bridge, NH 1B over Little Harbor (Red List) Br No 066/071	\$9,292,833		
28393	Newfields – Newmarket	Bridge Rehabilitations, address bridges carrying NH 108 over BMRR Bridge numbers 127/081 & 125/054			
21258	Newton	Address the Red List bridge carrying Pond Street over PAR in the Town of Newton (064/107)	\$113,872		
42979	North Hampton	I-95 Exit 2 Bridge 078/070 Rehab to include deck replacement and bridge painting	\$4,400,168		
24457	North Hampton	Superstructure replacement of bridge carrying US 1 over Boston & Maine RR (Red List Br No 148/132)	\$5,363,600		
13455	Portsmouth	US 1 Bypass: Replace bridges along US Route 1 Bypass	\$33,000		
15731	Portsmouth, NH - Kittery, ME	Bridge Replacement, US 1 Bypass over Piscataqua River (Sarah Mildred Long Bridge) (Red List)	\$15,620,000		
16189	Portsmouth, NH - Kittery, ME	Rehabilitation of Bridge Over Piscataqua River (High Level Bridge)	\$11,014,157		
15904	Seabrook - Hampton	Reconstruction of the Red List bridge carrying NH 1A over Hampton River (Br No 235/025)	\$21,058,191		
43289	Statewide Tier 2 (S)	Resurfacing of various Tier 2 roadways	\$5,075,025		
COAST5307	Program	COAST operating, ADA, capital preventive maintenance, planning, FTA 5307 funds	\$11,114,704		
FTA5307	Program	Boston Urbanized Area (UZA) FTA Section 5307 apportioned funds for NHDOT transit projects.	\$19,298,573		
MTA5307	Program	MTA operating, ADA, capital preventive maintenance, planning, FTA 5307 funds.	\$17,452,545		
MTA5310	Program	Funding for seniors and individuals w/ disabilities. Annual FTA Section 5310 apportionment - CART.	\$621,184		
MTA5339	Program	Funding for capital vehicles and equipment for CART area. Annual FTA Section 5339 apportionment.	\$199,367		
			\$131,390,309		

# System Reliability

**The System Performance Final Rule**, effective, May 20, 2017, establishes six measures in three performance areas to carry out the National Highway Performance Program (NHPP), the National Highway Freight Program (NHFP) and Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program (CMAQ). The overall goal of these performance areas is to promote effective use of Federal transportation funds in addressing congestion and highway capacity needs, as well as reducing emissions from the transportation system. The CMAQ emissions reduction measure is applicable only to those areas designated as nonattainment or maintenance for ozone, carbon monoxide or particulate matter. The CMAQ traffic congestion measures are applicable only to those nonattainment areas that are also in urbanized areas of over 1 million people. As the RPC region is in attainment, those three measures do not apply and are not discussed in this system report.

#### Goal

The overall goal of these performance areas is to improve the efficiency and reliability of the transportation system for both passenger travel and goods movement.

### **Performance Measures and Targets**

Six measures in three performance areas were established in the System Performance rule and three of them (in two areas) are applicable to the RPC MPO region. These metrics are intended to identify trends and assess progress towards improving the overall function of the highway system.

Goal Area	Reliability of the National Highway System
Performance	<ul> <li>Percent of reliable person-miles traveled on the Interstate</li> <li>Percent of reliable person-miles traveled on the non-Interstate National Highway</li></ul>
Measures	System (NHS)

Goal Area	Freight Movement and Economic Vitality
Performance	• Percentage of Interstate system mileage providing for reliable truck travel time
Measures	(Truck Travel Time Reliability Index)

#### **Performance Targets**

States are required to establish 2-year and 4-year targets for reporting progress on NHS travel time reliability and Interstate Freight Movement reliability on a biennial basis beginning in May 2018. MPOs are required to establish 4-year targets for those same measures within 180 days of the State target setting. MPOs have the option to support the statewide targets or to establish their own for each of the measures. These three measures are defined in the following paragraphs

#### **Travel Time Reliability**

Travel Time Reliability is defined as the percent of person-miles traveled that are reliable, or, in other words, how frequently does congestion on the system produce travel times that are excessively long. The

measure utilizes person-miles to account for transit, van pools and other high-occupancy vehicle users as well as travel by automobile and truck.

Travel Time Reliability data is collected utilizing vehicle probe data in the National Performance Measure Research Data Set (NPMRDS). This data consists of average travel times for each segment of the National Highway System and is calculated at 5-minute intervals for each day of the year and aggregated to different levels for the purposes of calculating travel time reliability measures. For Interstate Travel Time Reliability and Non-Interstate NHS Travel Time Reliability, data is collected in 15-minute segments between 6:00 AM and 8:00 PM daily. The 80<sup>th</sup> percentile travel times (longer) are then divided by the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile (normal) travel time and periods where this ratio is less than 1.5 are considered "reliable". These are converted to person-miles and collected into monthly and annual totals to determine the overall percentage of reliable travel. The goal is for all segments to be "reliable" at a rate that is greater than or equal to the target value over the course of the year.

#### **Truck Travel Time Reliability**

Truck Travel Time Reliability (TTTR), the Freight Reliability measure, is limited to interstate travel and is calculated somewhat differently than general travel time reliability. The data for TTTR is collected utilizing vehicle probe data in the National Performance Measure Research Data Set (NPMRDS). The 95<sup>th</sup> percentile truck travel time is divided by the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile (normal) truck travel time for each segment during each of 5 periods: weekday morning peak (6-10 AM), midday (10AM-4PM), and afternoon peak (4-8PM), weekends (6AM-8PM), and overnights for all days (8PM-6AM). The largest ratio for each day is multiplied by the length of the segment. The sum of all length-weighted segments is then divided by the total length of interstate in the state/region. The goal in this instance is that the interstate system has truck travel times that are less than 1.5 times the "normal" travel time over the course of the year.

		NHDOT				МРО		
		Baseline	2-Year	4-Year	Baseline	4-Year		
Area	System & Measure	Estimate <sup>1</sup>	Target	Target	Estimate <sup>1</sup>	Target	Current Status	
Travel Time	Interstate: Person Miles	99.4%	95.0%	95.0%	100%	<b>95%</b>	5.3% above target	
Reliability	Non-Interstate NHS: Person Miles	87.8%	85.0%	85.0%	89.8%	85%	5.6% above target	
Freight Movement	Interstate Truck Travel Time Reliability (TTTR)	1.35	1.50	1.50	1.41	1.50	6% above target	
<sup>1</sup> Both RPC and NHDOT utilize 2017 values as the baseline for Travel Time Reliability measures. Exceeding Target Meeting Target Not meeting Target						g Target		

### Travel Time Reliability and Truck Travel Time Reliability Baseline Estimates and Targets

# 2021 TIP Investment

The 2021-2024 TIP includes just over \$31.2 million in funding for 9 projects that have the primary purpose of improving travel time reliability through addressing bottlenecks on the system and another four projects and \$12.6 million where improved reliability is a byproduct of the project or service. In total, this

is about 20% of the \$236 million in funding that is programmed for the region over the upcoming four years. This funding includes continued expansion work occurring on I-93 and the Spaulding Turnpike (Newington-

Project Focus	# of Projects	% of Projects	Total Funding	% of Funding
2019 TIP Totals	45		\$ 236,805,563	
Primarily Travel Time Reliability	9	20%	\$31,210,263	14.4%
Other w/ TTR Benefits	4	8.9%	\$12,576,732	5.8%
Total TTR Benefits	13	28.9%	\$160,591,047	20.2%

Dover). In addition, the final project of the NH 125 Plaistow-Kingston corridor plan is in progress and work is scheduled on NH 125 in Epping between NH 101 and NH 87. There are three Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) projects in the region that will look to use technology to help reduce congestion. The NH 125 project in Epping will add signal coordination and another project will expand signal coordination from the state line with Massachusetts through all the signals in Plaistow. The rehabilitation of the I-95 bridge over the Piscataqua river also includes work to be able to utilize the shoulders as a travel lane during peak hours to help reduce congestion.

Project #	Project Name	Scope	Total Funds Programmed		
29608	Epping	NH 125 Improvements from NH 101 to NH 87 - 2.6 miles	\$2,740,492		
11238Q	Q Newington - Dover Reconstruct Spaulding Turnpike from LBB to Dover Toll Booth & Exit 6 interchange (incl. new soundwalls)				
40656	Plaistow	Signal coordination and control along corridor from Mass S/L to Old County Road	\$298,753		
10044E	Plaistow - Kingston	Reconstruct NH 125: anticipated 3 lanes, from south of town line northerly approx 1.8 mi	\$13,705,520		
42879	Portsmouth	Construct right turn lane on the Northbound direction of New Hampshire Ave Intersection	\$420,442		
29640	Portsmouth	US 1 Improvements (1.7 mi.) from Constitution Dr to Wilson Rd & from Ocean Rd to White Cedar Dr	\$4,918,206		
16189B	Portsmouth, NH – York, ME	ITS Improvements to I-95 from Portsmouth, NH to York, ME	\$5,603,532		
42884	Salem	Improve signal operation at 28 intersections to identify hardware and software upgrades needed.	\$1,573,819		
10418X	Salem to Manchester	Final Design (PE) and ROW for I-93 Salem to Manchester corridor post September 4, 2014	\$159,500		

#### \$31,210,263

In addition to the individual projects within the MPO region, the TIP includes the transit programs for COAST and MTA transit systems that improve travel time reliability through reducing the number of vehicles on the roadway. Similarly, there are statewide programs in the TIP that provide benefits to travel time reliability. Particularly support for Transportation Systems, Management & Operations (TSMO) and the New Hampshire Traffic Monitoring Center (TMC) provide Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) and traffic management support that provides benefits along major roadways corridors.

# **Performance Assessment**

Several large-scale capacity expansion projects have occurred in the region in recent years and these have produced benefits to system reliability. In particular, the implementation of open-road tolling at the Hampton toll plaza on I-95 has drastically reduced delays and stoppages on that roadway during peak summer travel times. The expansion of I-93 to four lanes from Salem to Manchester and the Spaulding Turnpike in Newington and Dover will provide similar improvements to system reliability by reducing bottlenecks, improving the function of the toll plaza, and providing additional shoulder space for disabled vehicles.

The work on US 1 in Portsmouth will provide a consistent cross-section for that corridor and will enhance bike and pedestrian access to provide a safe and convenient way to access the homes and businesses in that part of the city without a vehicle. Further projects are planned on the southern section of the corridor to address congestion issues in Seabrook, Hampton Falls, and Hampton.

On Route 125, work was completed in recent years to create a five-lane corridor and access management controls from near the state border through Old County Road, and the engineering work for the last segment of the NH 125 Plaistow-Kingston corridor plan is under way. Work further north on NH 125 in Epping will help to address an area of growing congestion from both commercial growth and increased commuting and help to provide a facility that supports the flow of vehicles and freight along the corridor.

On the transit side of the system, there has been a focus on understanding the current condition of assets and establishing transit asset management plans that help to monitor when replacement vehicles and other large investments are needed. The TIP includes over \$48 million for transit operations, maintenance, and capital investment and this will allow the systems to continue to operate and replace vehicles as needed.